ANEW

VERSION

OF

The Song of Solomon,

Into common METRE.

TOGETHER WITH

A NEW EDITION

OF

A PARAPHRASE, or large Explicatory POEM Upon the same Book.

Wherein the mutual Love of Christ and his Church, contained in that Old Testament Song, is imitated in the Language of the New Testament, and adapted to the Gospel Dispensation.

To which is subjoined,

The ten Plagues of Egypt named and justify'd, The ten Commands abridg'd and versify'd.

By RALPH ERSKINE, M. A.

Minister of the Gospel at Dunfermline.

G L A S G O WE

smith, Bookseller, at the Sign of the gilt Bible in the Salt-mercat. M D C C L I 1.



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PREFACE

TO THE

VERSION.

READER,

AFTER I had written a Paraphrase on the Song of Solomon, which has been published Fourteen years ago, I had no design of printing any thing else upon that book; but when the motion was made of turning all the Scripture Songs into common Meeter, for the same use with the Psalms of David, I was also urged to make a short Version likewise of this Song, as near as possible to the Text. This task I undertook, not without some reluctance, knowing how much the spiritual matter of this Book is represented by such homely metaphors as would be very hard to express barely, in such a manner as to be fenced against the abuse of carnal minds: on this account, tho' I have now studied as little of a paraphrase or explication as I could, yet in several places, where I thought the meaning might be most ready to be misinterpreted, or not so obvious, I have formed the version with fuch short interwoven glosses upon some of the texts, as may tend to enlighten the metaphor a little, and make the main intent thereof appear, in a way that I apprehended to be least liable to abuse.

I have seen some Versions of this Book in common meeter, that could very little contribute to my assistance in this, unless it was to make me see

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THE PREFACE

what might be avoided or amended, according to my view. Only Mr. Mason's version was more acceptable to me, than any other I have seen, and therefore I have, in several verses here and there, taken what help it, together with his and may own paraphrase, could afford me, in a sutableness to my taste, or the form into which I chose to put it. So that after consulting the labours of others, in versifying this Book of the Song, you have here the plainest version I could conceive within so narrow and contracted bounds.

This Song being an intire book of scripture by itself, I have allowed this version of it to be published by itself, as I did that upon the book of the Lamentations, before the rest of the scripture songs, which may afterward be published together. I have also allowed the Paraphrase on this book to be reprinted together with the Version, that whosever wants a more full explication thereof, than the short version can give, may, if they please, turn over to the paraphrase for it. As to what may be further necessary in a prefatory way, I refer the reader to the preface which is prefixed to the said paraphrase, whereof the main difference between this and the former Edition, is in the fourth and seventh chapters, which were before in long meeter, but now are turned to the same common meeter with the rest, because I have been told that this latter kind was more acceptable to some than the other.

That the church and people of God may be edified by these works, is the earnest prayer of their servant,

and yours in Christ,

ANEW

VERSION

OF

The Song of Solomon,

Into common METRE.

CHAP. I.

The TITLE.

(1.)

Verse 1. THIS song to Solomon the wise
As penman fam'd belongs,
And justly for its sacred rise
Is nam'd, the song of songs.

(2.)

The CHURCH's Words.

Ver. 2. With kisses of thy mouth divine
O let me favour'd be;
For better than the richest wine
Thy love appears to me.

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- Ver. 3. Thy name like ointment sweet pour'd out
 Doth all perfumes excell,
 Hence virgin-souls, the facred rout
 Of faints, do love the well.
- Ver. 4. O draw me with thy loving cord,
 We will run after thee:
 Lo to his chambers deck'd, my lord
 The king hath handed me.

(5.) In

In thee we'll joy; this love of thine We'll mind, with more delight Than all the bleffings of the vine:
Thou'rt lov'd by the upright.

(6.)

Ver. 5. O Salem's race, I'm black o'ergrown,
As tents of Kedar were,
But comely too by grace I own,
As Solomon's curtains fair.

(7.)

Ver. 6. View not my scorch'd and sun-burnt face,
No beauty there you'll see:
My mother churches angry race
Have roughly dealt with me.

(8.)

Their hate and envy made me trudge, Their vineyards to inspect, And while at theirs I was a drudge, Mine own I did neglect.

(0.)

Ver. 7. But thou, my foul's beloved one,
O tell me I request,
Where feedest thou, and where at noon
Mak'st thou thy flock to rest:

(10.)

For why should I with forrow stain'd,
As one led off the way,
'Mong flocks of thy companions feign'd
Be left to go astray?

(11.) CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 8. Know'st thou not, fairest of fair brides,
Go trace the feet of faints,
The flocks fair steps, and feed thy kids
Beside the shepherds tents.

(12) Thy

(12.)

Ver. 9. My love, I have, to hold thee out
'Gainst foes that would thee wrong,
Made thee like Pharaoh's stately rout
Of chariot-horses strong.

(13.)

Ver. 10. Great comeliness thy dress bespeaks,

The graces all thee deck,

Rare jewel rows adorn thy cheeks,

And golden chains thy neck.

(14.)

Ver. 11. My father working still with me,
We will, with power divine,
More golden borders make for thee,
With study of silver fine.

(15.)

The Church's Words.

Ver. 12. Lo, while the king of Zion crown'd,
Sits at his table head,
My spikenard, flowing, doth around
It's grateful odour spread.

(16.)

Ver. 13. Like as of myrrh a bundle, lo,
My well beloved gueft
Shall, all the night of fin and woe,
Within my bosom reft.

(17.)

Ver. 14. In vineyards fair of Engedi
Are camphire clusters sweet,
Much more is my belov'd to me,
When he and I do meet.

(18.)

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 15. Lo, thou art fair; lo, thou, my love,
Art fair, without difguise;
The beauties of the modest dove
Are in thy graceful eyes.

(19.)

The CHURCH's Words.

Ver. 16. Nay, my belov'd, who, me to screen,

Thy beauty put'st on me,

Thrice fair art thou; yea, what a green

And slowing bed have we!

(20.)

Ver. 17. The royal house of our repair
Hath beams of cedar strong,
With cypress galleries, and there
In state we walk along.

CHAP. II.

(1.) CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 1. I am the rose of Sharon fair,

To deck the field around;

The lilly of the valley, there

To grace the lowest ground.

(2.)

Ver. 2. Among the daughters in the throng
My love, whom grace adorns,
Shines as the lilly does among
The rugged hurtful thorns.

(3.)
The Church's Words.

Ver. 3. As th' apple-tree does far excell

Trees of the common wood,
So my belov'd furpasseth all

The sons of noblest blood.

(4.)

I fat me down with great delight,
My weary foul to rest,
Beneath his shade, and O how sweet
His fruit was to my taste!

(5.)

Ver. 4. He brought me to his house of wine

To feast, and then to aid

The banner of his love divine

He over me display'd.

(6.)

Ver. 5. Stay me with flaggons, comfort me
With apples from above;
I languish till my Lord I see,
Haste, for I'm sick of love.

7.)

Ver. 6. He's come, and with his left hand he Supports my finking head,
And his right hand imbracing me
Strong comfort brings wi' speed.

(8.)

Ver. 7. O Salemites, I you obtest

By rural hinds and roes,

Wake not my love while pleas'd to rest,

Nor mar the sweet repose.

(9.)

Ver. 8. Lo, my belov'd whose voice so nigh
My soul with wonder fills,
Comes leaping on the mountains high,
And skipping on the hills.

Ver. 9. With speed his active love to show
On hights that would us part,
He's like the pleasant, bounding roe,
Or loving, youthful hart:

(11.) Lo

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(11.)

Lo, he behind our wall doth stand:
He's at the windows seen,
Displaying thro' the grate at hand
Himself, in slowery green.

(12.)

Ver. 10. Sweet was my Lord's most charming tone, When thus I heard him say,

"Rise up, my love, my fairest one, "Make haste, and come away.

(13.)

Ver. 11. "Inviting spring adorns the clime, "For lo the winter's past,

" Now is the fair accepted time, " Quite o'er's the stormy blast.

(14.)

Ver. 12. "The flowers upon the earth appear, "Birds finging time's at hand,

"The turtle's voice, to charm the ear,
"Is heard within our land.

(15.)

Ver. 13. "Green figs upon their trees are grown, "Young grapes are smelling gay,

"Arife, my love, my comely one,
"Make hafte, and come away.

(16.)

Ver. 14. "O thou, my dove, that in cleft rocks
"And fecret stairs I spy,

"Absconding there, thro' fear of shocks,
" Or shame to face the sky:

(17.)

"Come let thy beauteous face appear, "Lift up thy voice to me;

" For well thy voice delights mine ear,
"Thy countenance mine eye.

(18.) " Take

(18.)

Ver. 15. " Take us the foxes with engines, " The little foxes here

"That spoil the vineyard: for our vines " Most tender grapes do bear."

(19.)

Ver. 16. My well beloved Lord is mine, And likewife I am his: Among the lilly-beds his fine And pleasant feeding is.

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Ver. 17. Until day break, and shades depart. Turn, my belov'd, and flee Swift like the roe, or youthful hart On Bether hills to me.

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CHAP. III.

(1.)

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 1. By night upon my bed I fought Him whom my foul doth love, I fought him, but I found him not, Which did my floth reprove. (2.)

Ver. 2. I'll rife in quest of my belov'd, And fearch the city round, In public streets: so there I rov'd, Yet ah, he was not found.

(3.)

Ver. 3. The city-watchmen met with me, Their wonted round who move: To whom I said, O did you see The object of my love?

(4.) 'Twas B 2

(4.)

Ver. 4. 'Twas but a little further on I past from them apart,
But to my joy I found anon
The darling of my heart:

(5.)

I held him, nor would let him go, Till I had brought him home, My mother's house and room into, That bore me in her womb.

(6.)

Ver. 5. O Salem's race, I you obtest,

By rural hinds and roes,

Wake not my love while pleas'd to rest,

Nor mar the sweet repose.

(7:)

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 6. Who's this from defart does so fleet,
Like smoky pillars rise,
Persum'd with myrrhe and incense sweet,
Adorn'd to our surprize?

(8.)

The CHURCH's Words.

Ver. 7. Behold his bed that's Solomon's

For peace and pomp renown'd:

Which threescore men of Isra'l's sons

As valiant guards surround.

(9.)

Ver. 8. They all bear arms couragiously,

Expert and train'd to fight:

Each with his sword upon his thigh,

Because of fear by night.

(10.) The

(10.)

Ver. 9. The chariot which king Solomon

Did for himself aray,

Did frame of wood from Lebanon;

With silver pillars stay:

(11.)

Ver. 10. Did gold its bottom, and above
Its cov'ring purple make:
The midst thereof was pav'd with love,
For Salem's daughters sake.

(12.)

Ver. 11. Go, Virgins, see king Solomon,
Deck'd with the crown so gay,
His mother crown'd him with, upon
His joyful marriage day.

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CHAP. IV.

(1.)

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 1. Lo, thou art fair to me, my love,
Lo, Zion, thou art fair,
The eyes as of a beauteous dove
Shine thro' thy locks of hair:

(2.)

Gay like a pleasant flock of goats, On Gilead's stately hight, Is thine adorning hair, (that notes Thy known deportment bright.)

(3.)

Ver. 2. Thy teeth are like a flock of sheep

Even shorn, from washing come;

Each active grace does order keep,

And bring it's product home.

(4.) Thy

(4.)

Ver. 3. Thy lips, resembling scarlet threed,
And comely speech, indear:
Within thy locks thy temples red
Like 'granates halv'd appear.

(5.)

Ver. 4. Thy neck is like to David's tower,
Built for a magazen,
Whose pegs a thousand bucklers bore,
All shields of mighty men.

(6.)

Ver. 5. Thy breafts resembling two young roes,
Do feed like friendly twins,
'Mong lilly fields, thy babes and those
That haunt thy public inns.

(7.)

Ver. 6. Till day-break chase the shades of woe,
I'll rest in Zion still,
Unto the mount of myrrhe I'll go,
And to the incense hill.

(8.)

Ver. 7. My love, thou art all fair and clean,
The chief of beauteous brides,
No spot in thee is to be seen,
But what my favour hides.

(9.)

Ver. 8. Fair spouse, by marriage tyes alone
I urge my call on thee,
Come, come with me from Lebanon,
From Lebanon with me:

(10.)

Look from Amana's top that chills, Shinir and Hermon high, From lions dens and leopards hills, Where gastly dangers ly.

(11.) My

(11.)

Ver. 9. My sister, spouse, thou in effect,
With one glance of thine eye,
With one chain of thy stately neck,
Hast rap'd my heart from me.

(12.)

Ver. 10. My fister dear, how fair's thy love,
How better far than wine,
Thy savoury ointments smell above
All eastern spices sine!

(13.)

Ver. 11. Thy lips drop like the honey-comb,
There milk and honey flow:
Thy garments smell like Lebanon,
Where Aromaticks grow.

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(14.)

Ver. 12. My love's a garden well inclos'd,
Delicious fruits to yield:
And spring shut up and unexpos'd,
A fountain safely seal'd.

(15.)

Ver. 13. Thy plants of grace do parallel
An orchard rich with trees,
And fruits that gratify the smell,
And form a paradise.

(16.)

Ver. 14. Here pomegranates and camphire grow,
Here trees of incense bloom,
Nard, cynamon, myrrhe, aloes blow
With gales, a rich persume.

(17.)

Ver. 15. My love's a garden-fountain known,
A living well beside,
Whosegladening streams from Lebanon
Thro' distant valleys glide.

(18.) The

(18.)

The Church's Words.

Ver. 16. Awake, O north wind, come, thou fouth, Upon my garden blow, Soonwill the breath, Lord, from thy mouth Make all the spices flow:

(19.)

Then, Lord, comeshare the pleasant spice Thus by thy Spirit blown; My garden be thy paradife; The fruits are all thine own.

CHAP. V.

(1.)

CHRIST'S Words

I'm come, my spouse and fister dear, Ver. I. I'm to my garden come, I've gather'd up my spice and myrrhe, And eat my honey-comb: (2.)

My feast of honey milk, and wine, With pleasure shar'd have I: Come eat and drink, O friends of mine, Yea drink abundantly.

(3.)

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 2. I sleep, but yet my heart's awake; A kindly knock I hear, 'Tis my beloved's voice thus spake, " Open to me, my dear.

(4.) " Open

(4.)

" Open, my dove, my undefil'd,
" Love, give not love the slight:

"My head's bedew'd, my locks are fill'd
"With drops of winter-night."

(5.)

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Ver. 3. Base sloth replied, "I'm now undress'd, "How shall I dress again?

" How shall I leave this bed of rest,
" My new-wash'd feet to stain?"

(6.)

Ver. 4. My Lord then by the shut door's hole
Put in his hand of power, [soul,
Which with love-wounds so peirc'd my
My bowels melted sore.

(7.)

Ver. 5. When up to ope I did me stir,
In answer to his knock:
Myhandsand singersdrop'd sweet myrrhe,
On handles of the lock.

(8.)

Ver. 6. I open'd then to my belov'd,

But he, alas! was gone:

His late love-suits my mind so mov'd,

I fainted as undone:

('9. -)

I fought him whom my foul ador'd, But him I could not have:

I call'd and cried, my love, my lord, But he no answer gave.

(10.)

Ver. 7. The cruel city watch me found,
And keepers of the wall,
Who did me rudely fmite and wound:
And took away my vail.

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(11.)

Ver. 8. O Salem's race, of better mind,

To wail my lord's remove,

I charge you tell, if him you find,

That I am fick of love.

(12.)

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 9. O fairest, what belov'd is thine?
In what, pray let us know,
Doth he all other loves outshine,
That thou do'st charge us so?

(13.)

The CHURCH's Words.

Ver. 10. O my belov'd, could you him fee, Both white and red appears, Among ten thousand chieftains he The signal standard bears.

(14.)

Ver. 11. His head's of finest gold t'attract,
So bright and firm his sway;
His locks are curled, and raven-black,
So fresh without decay.

(15.)

Ver. 12. His dove-like eyes most bright appear,
Like these the brooks have wet,
Or milky streams have washed clear,
Fit for inspection set.

(16.)

Ver. 13. His cheeks are like a spicy bed,
Where choice perfumes do meet;
His lily lips drop grace, and shed
The myrrhe that smells so sweet.

(17.) As

(17.)

Ver. 14. As rings of gold with beryl fet
His hands, his works appear;
His bowels kind, like iv'ry bright,
O'erlaid with saphirs clear.

(18.)

Ver. 15. His legs like marble-pillars are,
On golden fockets fet:
His face like Lebanon most fair,
Like cedars most complete.

(19.)

Ver. 16. Most sweet is that bless'd mouth of his,
Whence grace and truth do flow,
Yea he himself most lovely is,
And altogether so.

(20.)

O Salem's Daughters, this is he
Of whom you fought my mind,
This is the best belov'd to me,
This is my dearest friend.

CHAP. VI.

(1.)

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 1. If thy belov'd, O fairest fair,

Be such a matchless one,

With thee we'd seek him, wist we where,

O tell us where he's gone!

The Church's Words.

Ver. 2. My lord's down to his garden dress'd,

The place of his repair,

'Mong spicy beds to feed and feast,

And gather lilies there.

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(3.)

Ver. 3. I'm my belov'd's, and he is mine:

Sweet are his facred courts,

Among the lilies there that shine

He feeds, and there resorts.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 4. My love, like Tirzah fair array'd,
Like Salem gay indeed,
Thou like an hoft, with flags display'd,
Do'st strike thy foes with dread.

(5.)

Ver. 5. Thy catching eyes (of faith and love)

That make myself their prize,

Have overcome me; pray remove

And turn away thine eyes.

(6.)

Gay like a pleasant flock of goats, On Gilead's stately hight, Is thine adorning hair, (that notes

Thy known deportment bright.)

Ver. 6. Thy teeth are like a flock of sheep,
Even shorn, from washing come;
Each grace with twins their order keep,
And bring full product home.

Ver. 7. Like to a piece of pomegranate,

Thy temples rudy clear,
Within thy locks affectionate
And graceful blushes bear.

Ver. 8. Queens, concubines, and virgins are
Unnumber'd, whom they call
Theearth's great beauties, charming fair,
But thou excell'st them all. (10.)

(10.)

Ver. 9. My spotless dove as one I view,
She's all in one to me,
Her mother churches darling too,
And choicest progeny:

(11.)

The daughters faw her, and around They blest her comely face; Yea, queens and damsels more renown'd, Extoll'd her shining grace.

(12.)

Ver. 10. "Who's this (faid they) so brightly springs,
"Like to the morning ray; (wings
That cleaves night's shades with silver

"To haste the golden day?

"With fun and moon her beauties vie, "Yea, terrible to fee,

" An host appears, and banners fly,
" O what an one is she!"

(14.)

Ver. 11. Down to the garden of sweet nuts
I went, when I withdrew,
To see the budding valley fruits,
If grapes and 'granates grew.

(15.)

Ver. 12. And unawares thy foul at ebb,

Quick flowing, fet me high

On chariots of Aminadab,

And wings of love to fly.

(16,)

Ver. 13. Return, return, O Shulamite,
Return, return, apace,
That we may look with great delight
Upon thy beauteous face:

(17.) What

(17.)

What in the Shulamite so damp'd Have heavenly hosts to see?
As 'twere, two hosts on earth encamp'd So choice a sight is she.

CHAP. VII.

(1.)

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 1. How beauteous are thy feet with shoes,
O prince's daughter fair!
Each stately step thou walkest shows
A sparkling heavenly air;

The joints that strength and motions do, To thy right steps impart, Like orient jewels burnish'd new,

Speak holy curious art.

Ver. 2. Thy bowels warm, where kindness glows,
Thine infant brood to feed,
Seem like a bowl that o'erslows
With liquor, for their need:

Thy fertile womb an heap of wheat
Forms to thy lily brood,
While younger babes have proper meat,
The elder folid food.

Ver. 3. Like two young roes appear thy breafts,
That are delightful twins;
Thine equal care so sweetly feeds
Thy babes in sacred inns.

(6.) Thy

(6.)

Ver. 4. Thy neck that holds the head most high,
Like iv'ry white and fair,
May with a tower, that mounts the sky,
For strength and state compare:

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(7.)

Thine eyes are like the lucid pools
Of fish at Heshbon, near
Bathrabhim gate: (no learned fools

Bathrabbim gate; (no learned fools Had ever fight fo clear;)

(8.)

Thy nose sagacious (th' en'my wots)
Looks bold like Leb'non's tower,
Damascus-ward; to smell their plots,
And watch against their power.

(9.)

Ver. 5. Thy knowing head like Carmel high,
Appears in crimfon red,
Its hairs and drefs of purple dye:
(With blood thy Lord did shed.)

Hence ev'n the King of kings compell'd, Within thine arms embrace, Is fast a willing captive held,

In galleries of his grace.

(11.)

Ver. 6. O love, how fair thou art's untold,
In thee what charming fights!
How fweet thy graces manifold!
How pleafant for delights!

Ver. 7. I to the palm-tree do compare

Thy stature straight and fine,

Thy breasts of love so full and fair

To clusters of the vine.

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(13.) I

(13.)

Ver. 8. I said, I will this palm tree climb, And of it's bough take hold; My love I'll to my bride in trim And to her babes unfold:

(14.)

Then shall thy loving breasts o'erflow, Like cluders full of wine,

The breath of life thy nostrils blow Shall finell as apples fine.

(15.)

Ver. 9. With wine that's of the richest kind. (Referv'd for whom I love) Thypalate drench'd, shall chear the mind, And graceful speech improve:

(16.)

Juice from the living vine that flows, Goes sweetly down by sips, The mouth of fleepers doth unclose, And sanctify their lips.

(17.)

The Church's Words.

Ver. 10. My well belov'd I must admire, Most worthy tho' he be, He's mine, and lo his heart's desire Is toward worthless me.

O love, bou (1.81) at cere une

Ver. 11. Come, love, let's to the field of grace, Retire from earth's annoy: Make villages our lodging place, That none disturb our joy.

(19.)

Ver. 12. Let's to the vineyards early go, To fee if fruit improves, If tender grapes and 'granates grow; There I'll give thee my loves.

(20.) Sweet

(20.)

Ver. 13. Sweet mandrakes smell, and at our door,
All pleasant fruits there be,
Both new and old, laid up in store,
My dearest lord, for thee.

CHAP. VIII.

(-1.)

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 1. O that thou as my brother wert,
My mother's sucking child,
I'd kiss and hug thee in my heart;
Nor be for this revil'd.

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(2.)

Yea, in the openest patent place, Without a blush for shame, I would with joyful arms embrace, The babe of Bethlehem.

(3.)

Ver. 2. I'd bring thee to my mother's house,
Who would instruct me there:
The spiced wine and 'granates juice
Should be thy royal fare.

(4.)

Ver. 3. His left hand for my support he,
Beneath my head should place;
And for my comfort lend to me
His right hand's soft imbrace.

(5.)

Ver. 4. O Salem's daughters, do not prove
Disturbers of his ease;
I charge you stir not up my love,
Nor wake him till he please.

(6.) The

(6.)

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 5. (Who's this up from the wilderness Of sin and sorrow mov'd, Comes leaning thus, and laying stress Upon her well belov'd?)

(7.)

The Church's Words.

Beneath the shady apple-tree,

I did thee raise with care:
Thy mother travail'd there with thee,
Thy happy birth was there.

(8.)

Ver. 6. O do thou fet me as a feal,

Upon thine heart and arm:

For love is strong as death, I feel,

Suspicion cruelly warm;

(9.)

Unfatiate like the grave's defire,
Is killing jealoufy:
The coals thereof are coals of fire,
That flame most ve'mently.

(10.)

Ver. 7. Can love be quench'd with many floods,
Or drown'd with waters? No:
Should one for love give all his goods,
The price were basely low.

(11.)

Ver. 8. We have a little fister, Lord,

No breasts yet form'd hath she.

What help to her shall we afford

When she bespoke shall be?

(12.) Christ's

(12.) CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 9. If once she be a wall, thro' grace,
We'll take a special care;
To build on her a dwelling place,
A silver palace fair:

(13.)

If once her heart's an open door,
For me to enter in,
We'll as with cedar-boards fecure
And strengthen her within.

The Church's Words.

Ver. 10. So be't, for grace made me a wall,
Grace form'd my breafts tower-high:
Then found I (as my fifter shall)
Great favour in his eye.

(15.)

Ver. 11. Here likewise our king Solomon,
A vineyard did posses,
To keepers care (O be it shown)
He let it out to dress:

(16.)

If each for fruit his Lord affigns
Proportion'd tribute brings,
He'd render for a thousand vines,
A thousand silverlings.

(17.) CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 12. My vineyard, Love, the object is
Of my peculiar care;
My heart and eye is fix'd on this
More close than any where.

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(18.) The

(18.)

The CHURCH'S Words.

To thee, O Solomon, I'll bring
The grateful rent I owe;
The vineyard's revenue, O king,
Belongs to thee I know:

(19.)

And while to thee alone pertains,
A thousand fold as due;
To underkeepers, for their pains,
Two hunder shall accrue.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 13. O thou that hast in gardens choice,

Thy dwelling here below,

As thy companions hear thy voice;

So let me hear it too.

(21.)

So pleasant unto them and me, Is thy delicious strain, I'll joy how oft I hear from thee Until we meet again.

(22.)

The CHURCH's Words.

Ver. 14. O haste again, dear Lord, and be
A speedy roe or hart
Upon the spicy hills, that we
May meet, and never part.

PARAPHRASE,

OR

Large explicatory POEM

UPON THE

SONG of SOLOMON.

WHEREIN

The mutual Love of Christ and his Church, contained in that Old Testament Song, is imitated in the Language of the New Testament, and adapted to the Gospel Dispensation.

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PREFACE

TO THE

PARAPHRASE,

DIRECTED TO THE

CURIOUS and the SERIOUS READERS.

CURIOUS READER,

DO not propose, by the following lines, to fatisfy your curiofity, any further than by a plain explication of this scriptural song, in a way aapted to the New Testament dispensation: and perhaps you will be at no loss, if you find the euity of the paraphrase, even where you miss the legancy of the poem; or if you find any precious truth to edify your foul, though you should niss a pompous embellishment to gratify your fany. If I had been of the opinion that no poem hould fee the light, but such as has the name of ome great and famous poet prefixt to it, and could easonably expect the universal applause of a learnd age, I would never have confented to the pubication of this, in a day wherein the art of poefy s improved to such great perfection by some, whose bright genius has made them capable to set forth their poetical productions in a very beauti-

ful and splendid dress. If I thought that nothing now cast into the mould of metre could be used and edifying, but what is superlatively fine, I would have been quite discouraged from this attempt but to be of this mind were in effect to think, there could be no wholesom food but what is presented in a lordly dish; no good lodging in any house but fuch as were built by some curious mechanic or famous architect; nor convenient accommodation on in any room or chamber, but such as were finely painted, or hung around with very neat Ar. How few would there be to fight for their country, if none were allowed to do fo, but might ty heroes, great champions, and such as are head and shoulders higher than others! How many mult go naked, if no clothing were allowed but filk and fattin, and rich embroideries! It will be hard to persuade the world that none should write or make use of a pen, but such as can imitate the finest copper-plate; or that none should open their mouth to speak above their breath, but such as can equal the finest orator.

But tho' in this essay I pretend not to act the part of the losty poet, yet I have endeavoured that what I hope is obvious to the vulgar, and not above their view, may be at the same time not nauseous to the polite, nor below their view, if they are such as can lay aside the sullen air of criticism. These to whom no plain serious gospel-truths can give any satisfaction, and to whom nothing else but slowers of wit and slights of rhetoric can give delight, do perhaps too much bewray their ignorance of pious pleasures. The soul may be mise rably hungered and starved where the fancy only is pleased and seasted. And hence I look upon it

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as a most candid and ingenuous acknowledgment of a famous and religious poet, in the preface to his excellent hymns and spiritual fongs, speaking of some of them; "I confess myself (says he) to " have been too oft tempted away from the more " spiritual designs I proposed, by some gay and "flowery expressions that gratified the fancy; the "bright images too oft prevailed above the fire " of divine affection, and the light exceeded the "heat." Now, though I own that the defect of my poetical talent might lead me to an acknowledgment of a quite other nature, being sensible how much every paragraph here despairs of giving much delight to these of a more refined taste, and of pleasing the fancy with many bright embellishments of poetry; yet the great scarcity of these may have this great advantage, that here there are few fuch beautiful flowers or bright images to tempt any man away from the spiritual design, or so to gratify the fancy, as to prevail above the fire of divine affection that should burn in the heart with a heat equal to the light. Not that I am disobliged with these gay and flowery expressions in this and other valuable authors, whereby they are so apt to be a temptation to themselves and their readers, even in their spiritual songs; for I must confess they have been oft fo tempting and alluring to myself, that as I have frequently both here and elsewhere essayed to imitate them by adopting some of their delicious metaphors, so I would certainly have run into the same fault if I had been endued with the same genius: only I may infer from the foresaid confession, that poems upon divine subjects, which afford not a train of those gay temptations that bewitch the fancy and divert

the imagination, may upon this account be (at least) not the less fitted for advancing spiritual de-

figns and divine affections.

I am not here to make any apology for the metre, though some may judge that in this essay I have studied rhyme as much as poefy. I know that there may be good music and measure without the gingle of a crambo; and that it is a great weakness to humour the found, so as to darken the sense. I own, my difficulty never lay much in studying the crambo, with the even cadency: for these, if they be any parts or properties of poely, occurred natively enough, without much thought: and perhaps it would have been a fault to have flighted the rhyme defignedly in a composure of this fort, fitted for the religious recreation of ferious christians; especially when I find the forementioned eminent poet (by whose remarks, of which I had a little specimen, perhaps the following sheets had been better polished for the public, had his circumstances allowed a more closs and full review thereof) in his hymns, page 194. by a marginal note (I find him, I fay) hoping, " the reader "will forgive the neglect of rhyme even in the " If and 3d lines of the Stanza throughout some " following pages;" which supposes it may be a fault (in his opinion) not to humour the metre in essays of this nature. But, if any think I have done it too much, all I can accuse myself of, is only that I did not neglect the rhyme when words favouring it appeared to me as apposite to the purpose as others, and the low genius afforded no better.

I am forry for your sake (curious Reader) that precious truth is here set before you in such a coarse garb; but, if you attend to the matter, it will (as

I faid) be no loss to you, that you have not here many artful embroideries. I do not indeed think that facred truth can be set off in too comely a dress, no more than I think that the Holy Bible can be printed in too sine a type: but, if every page and passage thereof were illuminate or adorned with sine cuts, I suppose this would do more harm than good, and be more diverting than edifying.

I should be glad to see this sacred book painted forth in more lively, pure and spiritual colours, than it can appear into, in this homely essay; however if the picture here be but just, you will perhaps be much obliged to a genius that could not set it within a curiously gilded frame to divert your eye

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But when you hear of the spirituality and religious design of this poem, and that (as I may shew in the other part of the preface) the subject thereof is not the fair Circassian, but the fair Christian, and his infinitely fairer head and husband Jesus Christ; though the theme be more noble in itself, and more needful to be read and confidered, than all the wanton sonnets in the world, however artfully trimmed; yet I am afraid this subject be thought so jejune, insipid and unfashionable, that it is possible, after you have satisfied your curiosity fo far as to glance over a few lines of this book, you may throw it aside like an old almanack, and soon give your judgment pro or con; and this is all the poor profit and advantage you shall get by it, if you remain always more curious than ferious. And fince I have done with you, I shall apply myself to these to whom this little essay will readily be more welcome and acceptable.

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SERIOUS

SERIOUS READER.

HOUGH it is especially for your spiritual e. dification and comfort, I have effayed in this manner to explain and open up the gospel that is contained in this facred fong; yet I defign not to fay one word to you in commendation of this poem upon it; nor does it deserve I should, if it cannot through the bleffing of God commend itself to your heart and experience. But if you are exercised unto godliness, and acquainted with the sweet life of fellowship and communion with our Lord Jesus Christ, I hope you shall here see a picture and representation both of his heart towards you, and of your heart towards him; and a portraiture of the fweetest experience of intimacy with heaven, that the Bride of Christ can have upon earth. And I judge that a fong upon this subject is not unseason. able amidst these evil days, wherein the songs of the temple are like to be turned into howlings, and wherein the Bride the Lamb's Wife is ready to hang her harp upon the willows. How desirable were it, if this little book might prove a mean for helping her to fing away her forrows, and to harmonize with the defign of that precious promise, Hos. ii. 15. I will give her the valley of A. chor for a door of hope, and she shall sing there! To drive away the night of trouble with fongs of praise, would be a work and exercise most suitable to that gracious name our Lord takes to himfelf, Job xxxv. 10. God our maker, who giveth fongs in the night.

We have a divine precept, perhaps too much forgotten and neglected even among the serious, Eph. v. 18, 19. ——Be filled with the Spirit,

Speaking

speaking to yourselves in Psalms and bymns and spiritual songs, singing and making melody in your heart to the Lord; And Col. iii. 16, Let the word of Christ dwell in you richly in all wisdom; teach. ing and admonishing one another in Psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, singing with grace in your hearts to the Lord. And how we are to fing, we are further taught, not only by the apostle's example, 1 Cor. xiv. 15. I will fing with the spirit, and I will sing with the understanding also; but likewise by an express divine appointment, Psal. xlvii. 6, 7. where the command to fing is repeated five times in a breath, Sing praises to God, sing praises: sing praises unto our King, sing praises. Sing ye praises with understanding. Now, this facred song of Solomon being very mysterious and metaphorical, that you may be the more able to fing it over with understanding and judgment, I have endeavoured to lay open the mysteries and metaphors thereof to your view.

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I have designedly cast this book into the mould of common metre; because as it was intended especially for the use of serious christians in this part of the island, so, in case any of them should see sit to make some of these lines a part of their spiritual and devout recreation in secret, they might if they please sing them over in any of the tunes to which they are accustomed in our Scots churches, where none but the common tunes are used: and in the whole I am so far from attempting to soar alost above your capacity, that, wherever I have been obliged to use any words (such as prolifick; mellissuus, etc.) which I reckon are not so obvious to the understanding of the vulgar, I have explained them upon the margin, and hope it is but

very feldom any fuch words occur to cloud and

darken the fense to you.

I know that this facred book of scripture, wherein the fweetest and noblest instances of the grace of Christ toward his church and people are reprefented under the figure of a conjugal state, has been greatly profaned by impure writers, who have used or rather abused their poetical art, to the gratifying of carnal minds, and proftituting this holy divine fong to the most unholy ends. I have therefore endeavoured in this paraphrase so to open the import of every metaphor, as to secure it from being perverted and abused to wanton passions, which I hope shall find no handle here by any mode of expression tending to divert the mind from the spirituality of the theme. The compofure upon every text here is fuch, as, I think, without great violence done to it, can never be applyed to any lovers inferior to that glorious bridegroom the Lamb of God, and the bride the Lamb's wife, as the church is defigned, Rev. xxi. o.

I thought it needless here in a presatory way to offer you a key for opening this song, since this has been done so oft and so well already by others, and particularly Durham's book upon it, which is so common among many hands; I refer the reader to his Clavis Cantici presixt to that book. Mr. Henry says, the best key for opening this book is the 45th Psalm, which we find applyed to Christ in the New Testament. And it seems the more sit this book be now opened in a way suited to that dispensation, since Christ is more frequently and clearly represented in the New Testament than in the old, as the bridegroom of his church

and people; for which I might multiply instances, were it needful.

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The objections of adversaries against the divinity of this book are but weak and trisling while we are confirmed in the faith of its divine extraction, and spiritual application to the marriage between Christ and his church, by the ancient, constant and concurring testimony both of the Jewish and Christian church. And hence, though, to carnal minds, it is a flower out of which they have extracted poison; yet, to these that are spiritual, it is sweeter than the hony and the hony-comb; insomuch that some have made it the mark and characteristic of a saint, to find and experience the spiritual relish and quickning sayour of this part of scripture.

Profane wits, who ridicule this lofty anthem as a carnal Epithalamium or marriage fong, feem to be at a nonplus whether to apply it to Solomon's marriage with the Ægyptian princess, or a Circasfian dame; but they must be yet at a greater loss, what to make of some complements and commendations given to Solomon's bride, if they were to be properly (and not figuratively) understood. For, how monstrous and ridiculous were it to describe her as having an head like Carmel, teeth like a flock of sheep, a nose like the tower of Lebanon looking toward Damascus, and terrible like an army with banners! etc. And, if Solomon's chariot were to be understood properly and materially, of what matter would they suppose it to be made, when the midst of it is said to be paved with love? Or, if love be no material thing, how shall it be a material chariot? but this facred fong is not the worse, because profane and wanton wits abuse

abuse it, and endeavour to fasten their absurd and obscene senses upon some passages of it. It requires indeed, as interpreters acknowledge, a fober and pious, nota foolish and lascivious reader. It breathes forth the hottest flames of love between Christ and his people, and has in all ages of the church been most sweet, comfortable and useful to all that have read it with scrious and spiritual eyes. One of the fathers (Athanasius) comparing this song with other scriptures of the Old Testament, says, it is like John the Baptist among the prophets: other scriptures speak of Christ as coming, and afar of: this speaks of him, and to him, as already come. and near-hand: so familiar and present is he here represented both to the faith and sense of his peo. ple! Zanchius makes this fong a compend and copy of the spiritual marriage with Christ. And another great divine (Bodius in Eph.) calls it ipsius fidei et religionis Christianae medulla, the very marrow and substance of faith and christianity it-And therefore I hope it will not be reckoned an unprofitable work or service, to open up in a homely poefy, funk to the level of vulgar capacities, the great gospel-mysteries contained in this allegorical scripture, and in a strain suited to the New-Testament dispensation.

This essay (ferious Reader) being the fruit of some study and application only at leisure-hours, is on this account the work of several years; and though occasions had allowed, yet the nature of the study however pleasant in itself, was more severe both to body and mind, than to have allowed a continued progress in it without many intermissions till it was finished. Some parts of this composure being therefore at some years distance

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from other parts of it, it is possible some discerning and judicious readers will observe that some of the texts and chapters are explained with more life and accuracy than others; which may be easily accounted for, by every one who knows that the vein of poefy and frame of spirit is subject to various alterations, higher or lower, at different times. The greatest defect I have here found myself to labour under, was with reference especially to that spirituality of frame, heavenliness of mind, and closs communion with Christ, that an essay to open this facred divine fong required; fince in it the believer's most intimate fellowship with this glorious Bridegroom is represented under so many figurative expressions. However it has been my earnest desire sometimes that my labour in this might not be in vain in the Lord, but that it might contribute, through the divine bleffing, to the instruction, edification and comfort of the Lord's people, especially such as have little access to read large comments upon this facred fong; and particularly those of the congregation which I have so long had a special concern in, and relation to, and to whom I have but very feldom preached upon texts in this book of the Song of Solomon.

It must be owned, there are great depths in this allegorical scripture, the letter whereof kills these that rest in that, and look no surther; but the Spirit thereof giveth life, 2 Cor. iii. 6. John vi. 63. and that it requires great pains and caution to point out the meaning of the holy Ghost, in every part of this poetical book, and in applying the sigures and similes therein to the several graces and virtues of the Bridegroom and the Bride; and therefore I have not admitted of any private thought or ima-

gination of mine own in the interpretation of this notable part of holy scripture, without observing my view thereof to be agreeable with the judgment of found commentators upon it. Though they could afford me little help as to the form, yet from them I willingly collected materials. Nor did I venture to make a paraphrase upon any one verse here, till I had once consulted them, and was satisfied that I should not deviate from the current of orthodox writers, their judgment upon it, of which you have here a fum. Though yet the paraphrase is the longer, that I have not only inlarged most upon these places that I reckoned were most emphatical, but also touched at the connection of one verse and purpose with another, where I thought it was necessary for the illustration of the scope. Nor have I past over any one verse, however more curtly treated than others, without giving some plain view of the meaning and import of it. And, if more feem to be faid upon any verse in this fong than is directly imported in it, I hope it will be reckoned no great fault, if what is faid be evidently deducible from it, or necessary for the further explication of it, and for adapting this paraphrase upon an Old-Testament song to a New-Testament dispensation. Besides, the sense being cramped and contracted within the narrow bounds of common metre, has sometimes made the repetition (though not of words, yet) of matter unavoidable: and though every explication is but an amplified circumlocution, yet I have used as few repetitions as could confift with my defign of conveying a clear idea of the meaning.

I thought fit to fet down the scripture-text at large before the paraphrase, partly that every one,

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even of these who would hardly be at the pains to consult their bibles, might have an opportunity to compare the text and the paraphrase together; and partly that there might be occasion to mark upon the margin some of the different readings that the original text admits of, which I endeavour also not to neglect in the paraphrase.

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PARAPHRASE,

OR

Explicatory POEM,

UPONTHE

SONG of SOLOMON.

CHAP. I. The Title.

Verse. 1. The Song of Songs, which is Solomon's.

(1.)

THE choice of anthems * exquisite,
From Sol'mon's sacred pen,
Which doth to heav'nly love excite
The souls of holy men.

Its characters divine evince,
And evidently clear,
A wifer king, a greater prince,
Than Solomon is here.

Who

Who from above did animate
And with celestial stame
Inspire the song, to equal that
Of Moses and the Lamb.

(4.)

This to the Lamb's fair Bride belongs,
To found on all her strings
With tuneful harp, the song of songs
To Christ the King of Kings.

The Church's Words.

Ver. 2. Let him kiss me with the kisses of his mouth: for thy Love ‡ is better than wine.

(1.)

Let him who in my room and place
Did act the kindest part,
The God of love, the prince of peace,
The victor of my heart,

With sweet indearments from above Let him my soul embrace;

To shew my int'rest in his love, And manifest his grace.

With bleffings of thy mouth divine
O may I favour'd be;

More precious is thy love than wine, More sweet than life to me.

I was among the trait'rous crew Doom'd to eternal fire,

When he, to pay the ransom, flew On wings of strong desire.

(5.) Jesus

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‡ Heb. thy Loves.

(5.)

Jesus the God, with naked arms, Hangs on a cross and dies,

Then mounts the throne, with mighty charms
T'embrace me from the skies.

(6.)

His mouth delicious, heav'n reveals; His kisses from above

Are pardons, promises, and seals Of everlasting love.

Ver. 3. Because of the savour of thy good ointments, thy name is as ointment poured forth, therefore do the virgins love thee.

(1.)

The oil of gladness and of grace,
On thee pour'd largely forth,
Does spread around in ev'ry place
Thy savour and thy worth.

2.

Like precious oil diffus'd, thy name Along such odour sends,

That hence from virgin-souls a flame
Of holy love ascends.

(3.)

Thy love to them, thus shed abroad, So much inflames their heart

With love to thee; that thou their God Their darling also art.

(4.)

O fav'ry names! The Prophet kind, Anointed to instruct,

Who by his counsel leads the blind, To glory will conduct.

(5.)

Th' anointed Priest, by solemn vow, Did once for fin atone:

The blood, that was the price, is now The plea before the throne.

(6.)

Th' anointed King, to bear the fway,
And dash the rebel foes,
To make the feeble win the day,
Tho' death and hell oppose.

(7.)

Each virgin-tongue with pleasure sings
Thy lasting honours, thus;
"Jesus our prophet ever brings
"The light of life to us.

(8.)

" Jesus our priest for ever lives
" To plead for us above.

" Jesus our king for ever gives
"The blessings of his love.

Ver. 4. Draw me, we will run after thee; -

(1.)

No strength to come to thee have I, Yea, Lord, no will to move; Till pow'r divine my bonds unty, And draw with Cords of love.

(2.)

O draw me, Jefus, by thy grace,
Allure me by thy charms;
Then we will run to thine embrace,
And flee into thine arms.

(3.) My

T

Y

(3.)

When I am drawn to thee;
With virgin-faints will finners meet,
And run along with me.

we will be glad and rejoice in thee,

(I.)

The glorious king whom I befought, Anon my cry did hear; Me to his presence chamber brought, And kindly drew me near.

(2.)

Then ev'ry thing that did annoy
While I his absence mourn'd,
So quickly vanish'd into joy,

My grief to gladness turn'd.

(3.)

We'll now exult in thee, O king,
With holy chearfulness;
Our hearts will joy, our lips will sing,
Our lives will praise express.

(I.)

Our grateful mem'ries will record This matchless love of thine,

And keep the relish thereof, lord, Beyond the richest wine.

(2.)

Tho' fools abound, who nor defire
Nor pleasure fix on thee;
Yet wisdom's children all conspire
To love and joy with me.

0

(3.)

Th' upright without deceit, that prove Like gold without alloy, Make thee the object of their love, And center of their joy.

Ver. 5. I am black, but comely, O ye daughters of Jerusalem, as the tents of Kedar, as the Curtains of Solomon.

(1.)

Ye that professors are at large, Or that are weak in grace, Take no offence at me, I charge, Nor at my swarthy face.

(2.)

Shun not to come and share with me
Both in my love and joy.
Because my visage black ye see
With sin and sore annoy.

3.)

Tho' in myself I'm black indeed,
And in my outward lot;
Yet in my lovely, glorious head
I'm fair without a spot.

(4.)

Dusky like Kedar-tents am I,
O ye of Salem's race;
But yet with Sol'mon's curtains vie
For comeliness by grace.

Ver. 6. Look not upon me, because I am black, because the sun hath looked upon me: my mother's children were angry with me,

(1.) Then

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(1.)

Then gaze not with disdainful eyes
On me in fable clad;
Nor slight my beauty fair, that lies

Nor slight my beauty fair, that lies Within the gloomy shade.

(2.)

No wonder I so black became,
If ye the cause will note;
For sore sun-burnt and scorch'd I am
With persecution hot.

(3.)

False brethren, that malignant race,
My mother's sons untrue,
In rage cast dust upon my face,
And sully'd all my hew.

(4.)

They pour'd on me what open shame Their malice could conceive; With foul reproaches stain'd my name, And us'd me like a slave.

They made me the keeper of the vineyards, but mine own vineyard have I not kept.

(1.)

They of their vineyards me the drudge Opprest with crushing care: Such servile labours, ye may judge, My beauty much impair.

(2.)

Yea, while, alas! thus toil'd, I slept,
And sloth my watch remov'd,
I've not my proper vineyard kept,
My talents not improv'd.

G 2

(3.) But

(3.)

But the my folly hath me marr'd,
And wrought my own distress;
Yet be not at religion scarr'd,
Nor stumbled at my bliss.

(4.)

For 'gainst myself I bear record,
That hence my slav'ry flows:
While I neglect to serve my Lord,
I'm lest to serve my foes.

Ver. 7. Tell me, O thou whom my foul loveth, where thou feedest *, and where thou makest thy flocks to rest at noon:

1.)

When fins and fuff'rings work my grief,
And both depress me so,
My Lord alone can give relief;
To him I therefore go.

(2.)

O thou the darling of my heart,
My foul's beloved one,
Who Ifra'l's kindly shepherd art,
Thy paths to me make known.

(3.)

For

O shew me where thy flocks are fed,
Where dost thou cause them eat,
And where thou giv'st 'em rest and shade
At noon, from scorching heat.

The pasture's fat, the shelter vast,
That does thy sheep inclose;
Fain would I feed in their repast,
And rest in their repose.

* The word is here active.

For why should I be as one that turneth aside by the flocks of thy companions?

(1.)

For why should I that am thy bride
Be left to starve and stray,
Or seem as one that turns aside
To any crooked way?

(2.)

All other loves my foul abhors,
Thy rivals I difdain;
With flocks of thy competitors
Why should I wander then?

(3.)

I all thy feign'd companions hate,
They are a bane to me;
My foul affects no other mate,
No other Lord but thee.

(4.)

O if I knew thy fix'd abode,
I'd lodge for ever there;
Where may I then enjoy my God?
O tell me, tell me where.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 8. If thou know not, O thou fairest among women, go thy way forth by the footsteps of the flock, and feed thy kids beside the shepherds tents.

(1.)

O thou my bride, whom I esteem
The fairest of thy race,
However black thy form may seem
While griefs do vail thy grace;

(2.) Dost

(2.)

Dost thou not know, my lovely bride, The shadow of the rock, Nor pastures green where I abide

And feed my little flock?

Come follow my directing grace
Which I afford to thee;
I'll lead thee to the sweetest place

Of fellowship with me:

(4.)

That hence thy feet may never swerve, Nor fall in snares and wrack,

The footsteps of the flock observe, And follow thou the track.

(5.)

See how they climb the rock in droves, To focial worship prone,

And forthwith haunt retiring groves
To meet with me alone.

(6.)

Keep thou the beaten good old path, Yet new and living way,

Which all my faints have trode by faith And prayer night and day.

Tho' none of their dislik'd escapes

Must be a rule to thee,

Yet follow them in all the steps Wherein they follow me.

(8.)

And, while my under-shepherds tents Are kept in good repair,

Attend them still: for heav'n presents My choicest dainties there.

(9.) These

(9.)

These holy ordinances are

The pastures of my grace:

There feast thyself, nor thence debar Thy little tender race.

(10.)

Bring children, fervants, all thy kids Along to feed with thee;

Thy Lord all comers welcome bids In offers full and free.

(11.)

Make all within thy charge to haunt These goodly tents of mine;

For there my feasts of love I grant To nourish thee and thine.

(12.)

Thus, that thy feet no more appear
With other flocks to roam,
In these my best inclosures here
Stay, till I bring thee home.

Ver. 9. I have compared thee +, 0 my love, to a company of horses in Pharaoh's chariots.

(1.)

My love, on whom the stream unspent Of my affection flows,

Mine ears have heard thy heavy plaint About thy haughty foes:

(2.)

But they shall know to their remorfe, Their war had better be

To fight with Pharaoh's chariot-horse, Then dare to fight with thee.

(3.) To

f Or made thee like to.

To that well-harnest stately rout
I have thy strength compar'd,
Because my armour round about

Is thy defensive guard.

(4.)

Thou mayst contemn the burnisht spear when brandisht in the field;

As warlike horses laugh at fear, And mock the glitt'ring shield.

(5.)

This wing'd aray more swiftly damps
The foes that thee defy,

Than conquiring chariots thro' the camps
On thund'ring wheels that fly.

(6.)

Weak in thyself thou art, but well In me resides thy might:

Therefore the pow'rs of earth and hell Need never thee affright.

Ver. 10. Thy cheeks are comely with rows of jewels, thy neck with chains of gold.

(1.)

My love, I heard thee also mone Thy Leauty marr'd and spilt;

And stile thyself a lothsome one, Deform'd with sin and guilt.

(2.)

But as my blood does counterpoise
And all thy guilt displace,
So jewel-graces, golden-joys
Do beautify thy face.

(3.) Each

3.)

Each virtue that thy dress bespeaks

Doth thee more richly deck

Than rows of gems adorn the cheeks,

Or chains of gold the neck.

(4.)

An order just thy graces do

Like ev'nly rows maintain;

By mutual close connection too

They're link'd as in a chain.

(5.)

Thou hast thy royal lord to thank,
That thee a Moor betroth'd,
And then conform to highest rank
With gold and jewels cloth'd.

(6.)

To make thy cheeks and neck so fair,

Mine gave I to the stroke;

My cheeks to them that pluckt the hair,

My neck to justice-block.

Ver. 11. We will make * thee borders of gold, with study of silver.

1.)

Object not, faying, how shall I, So weak, so black a swain, Such beauties in Jehovah's eye Or furnish or maintain?

(2.)

For with united pow'r divine
We FATHER, SON and SP'RIT
Do stand ingag'd thee to refine,

And make thy form compleat.

H (3.) Keep

^{*} The word used for making man at first, Gen. i. 6.

(3.)

Keep thou no finite pow'rs in view,
To grace and deck thee thus;
Creation-work, both old and new,
Belongs to none but US.

(4.)

WE'll make thee yet more radiant gems Of grace, without thine aid,

To fence thy robe, like golden hems With filver studs inlaid.

(5.)

Thy growing grace shall thrive and bear A perfect crop at length;

Yet by no might within thy sphere, But OUR concurring strength.

(6.)

Thy gold and filver ornament Must strong and lasting prove;

For lo, it is the pow'rful vent Of our eternal love.

(7.)

Of old the good, the great THREE-ONE Did jointly take thy part,

Thy naked foul WE thought upon With pity in OUR heart.

(8.)

WE held a council for thy good, Where I, without a fob,

Did choose a vesture dipt in blood To buy thy golden robe.

The Church's Words.

Ver. 12. While the king sitteth at his table, my spikenard sendeth forth the smell thereof.

(1.) Lo!

N

(1.)

Lo! Zion's king aray'd in state, And love his luring vest, Makes ample grace his royal treat,

And me his welcome guest.

(2.)

When this his splendid table-head
Is with his presence crown'd,
My graces then like spikenard spread
Their grateful odours round.

(3.)

With joyful heart I smile and sing, Each grace doth rise and run, As languid plants revive and spring In presence of the sun.

(4.)

If he withdraw, they fade and faint, Their vigour is restrain'd; But, by his sweet return, their scent

And favour is regain'd.

(5.)

While at his royal feast he sits, Such verdure fresh is giv'n,

That ev'ry sprig of grace emits A fragrant smell of heav'n.

(6.)

My glad affections leap and dance, When with a finiling face

The king does spread and countenance The table of his grace.

Ver. 13. Abundle of myrrhe is my Well-beloved unto me; he shall ly all night betwixt my breasts.

(1.)

No wonder that my spikenard smells So sweetly when he comes;

His love, that casts the scent, excells The choicest of persumes.

(2.)

Faith, love and joy begin to stir, And spread their odours high,

When Jesus like a bunch of myrrhe Does in my bosom ly.

(3.)

From this infolded bundle flies His favour all abroad:

Such complicated sweetness lies In my incarnate God.

(4.)

Abundant virtue here I see To ev'ry case adapt;

The fulness of a deity

Is in the bundle wrapt.

(5.)

Yea, in my well-beloved lord This plenitude divine

Is for my use and comfort stor'd; For he himself is mine.

(6.)

And has he deign'd thus from above To thew his glorious charms?

I'll hold him fast by faith and love, As in my folded arms.

(7.)

My heart and bosom, where he rests, No other love shall know;

There he embrac'd shall ly, while lasts
The night of fin and wo.

(8.) This

(8.)

This sweet repose shall wear away
The shadows of the night,
Until the dawning of the day
Of everlasting light.

Ver. 14. My beloved is unto me as a cluster of camphire * in the vineyards of En-gedi.

(1.)

My best belov'd, to whom the wings Of my affections slee,

Is sweeter than the sweetest things Of heav'n and earth to me.

(2.)

In vineyards fair of En-gedi
Are camphire clusters sweet:

How infinitely more is he, In whom I am compleat!

(3.)

When fin and wrath my conscience press,
He standeth for my good,

A cluster full of righteousness, And wrath-appeasing blood.

(4.)

Still fresh in view, I may design His dying love to me,

Like myrrhe and camphire sweet and fine New bleeding from the tree.

(5.)

By faith I eat the cluster prest,
And drink the blood he spilt:

Of all love-banquets, here's the best,

Atonement for my guilt.

(6.) To

^{*} Copher, the same word that signifies an Atonement or Propitiation.

(6.)

To me this bleeding love of his
Shall ever precious be;
Whatever he to others is,
He's all in all to me.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 15. Behold, thou art fair, my love; behold, thou art fair, thou hast doves eyes.

(1.)

What! is thy heart a bed of rest,
A room reserv'd for me?
Behold, I come to be thy guest,
And vent my heart to thee.

My truth that can't the false decoy
Of flatt'ring lips approve,
Afferts, to elevate thy joy,

Thou art my pleasant love.

Lo, thou art fair, lo, thou art fair;
Twice, fair thou art, I fay;
My righteousness and graces are

Thy double bright aray.

Tho' thou a spotted leopard And black thyself dost see; Yet, as a mark of my regard,

I'll see no spot in thee.

When to a dog of no avail
Thou humbly dost compare,
And call thyself a mass of hell,
Ev'n then I call thee fair.

(6.) But

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(6.1

But fince thy faith can hardly own My beauty put on thee;

Behold! Behold! twice be it known, Thou art all fair in me.

7.

I see the beauty of the dove Within thy soul that lyes;

Affections there exactly move Like turtles charming eyes.

(8.

So modest, humble, pure and chast, And faithful to their mare,

On me alone they fix and rest, And all my rivals hate.

The CHURCH's Words.

Ver. 16. Behold, thou art fair, my beloved, yea, pleasant:

(1.)

What wonders, lord, dost thou perform, That stoopest thus so low,

To put thy beauty on a worm, And then commend it so?

(2.)

What! dost thou praise a native black?

I blush to find it true:

O lend me words to render back The praise to whom 'tis due.

Lo! my beloved, 'THOU, ev'n THOU
Art infinitely fair:

Yea, altogether pleasant too, And sweet beyond compare.

(4.)

All comeliness divine in thee
Most gloriously does shine;
What beauty thou commends in me,
Is but the shade of thine.

(5.)

Dost thou applaud the little stream
That from thy fulness rose?
How highly then should I esteem
The fountain whence it slows!

(6.)

How shall I thee extol, my God?

It shames me to be mute,

When thou exalts a lothsom clod

Wrapt in a borrow'd suit.

(7.)

But who, alas! can words invent To magnify thy grace? Seraphic pencils cannot paint The beauties of thy face.

(8.)

May my delighted eye still gaze
On charming pleasures here;
And what I cannot loudly praise,
I'll silently admire.

---- Also our bed is green.

(1.)

How can my tongue the favours hide
That thus my heart attach!
For never was a worthless bride
So happy in her match.

(2.) Besides

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(2.

Besides his personage so great, His equipage is fine, His furniture and bed of state

For fellowship divine.

3.

When here his love abroad is shed,
My soul, his chearful guest,
Sleeps in his arms, as in a bed
Of holy joy and rest.

(4.)

If wisdom in a mystery

Will heav'n to hell betroth,

Th' ensuing miracle must be One bed to serve us both.

(5.)

What kindness here he does avouch,
No mortal tongue can tell:

The heir of heav'n has made a couch To hug an heir of hell.

(6.)

Lo, this our bed of sweet solace, Green like the verdant field, Abundant fruits of holiness

Does by his bleffing yield.

(7.)

To deck our bed of nuptial loves, Buds of the spring conveen;

My pregnant foul fo fertile proves, I'm like an olive green.

(8.)

Fair blossoms of indulgent grace
That shade the temple round,
With lively verdure paint the place,

And spread the holy ground,

T

Ver. 17. The beams of our house are cedar, and our rafters * of fir +.

(1.)

Our nuptial-bed in Zion stands, Within our royal court:

For there the bleffing God commands, There is his lov'd refort.

(2.)

Our stately dwelling-house excels

The seats of mortal kings,

Whose pompous courts are nothing else But specious empty things.

(3.)

Their gaudy grandeur shrinks away
Within their with ring bow'rs;

No gilded house of mould'ring clay
Is fure and strong like ours.

(4.)

The holy cov'nant heav'n commands
With promises of note,

By which our house compacted stands, Are beams that never rot.

(5.)

No cedar-wood from Lebanon Nor fir fo firm endures,

As these our rafters, which his own Almighty pow'r secures.

(6.)

Thus stablisht, even our lower courts Defy the gates of hell;

For everlasting strength supports
The dome wherein we dwell.

(7.) In

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^{*} Or Galleries, † Or Cyprefs.

(7.)

In precious cypress gall'ries here
We walk along in state;
Such are the ordinances dear
Of my imperial mate.

(8.)

In these sweet mansions of his grace
I'll walk with great delight,
Till he prepare a nobler place,
To walk with him in white.

CHAP. II.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 1. I am the rose of Sharon, and the lily of the valleys.

(1.)

SUCH tainted air from Adam's bow'r O'er curfed mankind blows, That no green bed nor fav'ry flow'r In nature's defert grows.

(2.)

Thou then that fings the verdant bed Adorn'd with flow'rs of grace; Come see the rose and lily spread, That thus persumes the place.

(3.)

I JESUS, am the fragrant rose,
That healing odours yields,
And free for common profit grows
In Sharon's open fields.

I 2

(4.) That

(4.)

That all who please may freely come, Of lapsed human race,

And share the fanative persume That suits their sickly case.

(.5.)

My bleeding love, fo oft exprest To guilty sinners, shows

A beauty in my bloody vest, Beyond the ruddy rose.

6.

Should I to comely flow'rs compare
The beauties of my face,
Roses and lilies, red and fair,
Would strive in it for place.

(7.)

But what's my common paint cast o'er The blossoms of the field?

Tho' Solomon in all his glore Must to their splendor yield.

(8.)

Their comely form but serves to foil. The flow'r of flow'rs above,

Sprung from the hottest heav'nly soil, My father's fervent love;

(9.)

Who thence the lily did translate To valleys here below,

That virtue from my humbled state To finful worms might flow;

(10.)

And that in vales of misery
When with ring comforts fail,

The rose of heav'n might also be The lily of the vale. Ver. 2. As the lily among the thorns, so is my love among the daughters.

(1.)

While I the rose and lily fair
Join'd, as my title claim,
My love, the bride, must have a share
Of my enamel'd name.

(2.)

Mine image she so harmless bears
Amidst a furious broil;
She as a lily fair appears
Ev'n in a thorny soil.

(3.)

Among the daughters of despite, The offspring of the earth, Her lily-form, so lovely white, Shews her superior birth.

(4.)

Beset with briers that pierce and pain, Yet precious in my view, She pure and harmless does remain Among the noxious crew.

(5.)

The whole of fatan's children are
A field of hurtful thorns,
Enrag'd by hell, to fcratch and mar
The flow'r that heaven adorns.

(6.)

But I'll provide in this turmoil
My lily with a shield,
And afterward a better soil,
My glorious azure sield.

My dearest lord has won my heart
With his mellissuous * tongue,

That gives unworthy me a part Both in his name and fong.

70

(2,)

He to my need his names doth fuit, As if he could not be

A rose and lily of repute, Without adorning me.

His fav'ry titles thus made known,

In such endearing ways
As wrap my name within his own,
Provoke my heart to praise.

Awake, my foul, commend his grace, And fing the living tree,

Who by fuch apples of solace Commends himself to thee.

Above the daughters of the earth

Does he extol my name?

Above the sons of higher birth I will his praise proclaim.

As garden apple-trees excel

The forest's barren race,
So shines my lord o'er mortals all

With a superior grace.

(7.) His

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^{*} Sweetly eloquent.

(7.)

His fruit fo fweet, his form fo fair,
His healing leaves fo broad,
This tree of life bears no compare
With fons of men or God.

(8.)

I climb a higher tree:

Jesus, the living God, alone

Yields shade and sap to me.

delight, and his fruit was sweet to my taste.

(1.)

What fool foever difagrees,
My fweet experience proves
That Jesus is the tree of trees,
Among a thousand groves.

(2.)

From paradife wherein he grows
He spreads his branches vast,
To give sweet shade for my repose,
Sweet fruit for my repast.

(3.)

When fore fatigu'd, I fat by faith
Beneath his cooling shade,
Skreen'd from the heat of scorching wrath,
My shelter'd soul was glad.

(4.)

The shadow of his righteousness,

The covert of his blood,

When conscious guilt and dread oppress,

A happy peace conclude.

(5.) This

(5.)

This shadow shields me from the fire That strikes the dread and aw,

The flaming heav'n's incensed ire And Sinai's fiery law.

(6.)

Such shelter this thick shade imparts, That no temptation sierce,

No feather'd shafts, nor fiery darts, Can once the shadow pierce.

(7.

When Christ my skreen is interpos'd

Between the flames and me,

My joyful heart and lips unclos'd Adore the glorious tree.

(8.)

No mortal tongue can speak the bliss That in his shade is giv'n;

For then I'm safe from all distress, And taste an early heav'n.

(9.)

The tree does with immortal food My fainting foul folace,

With fruits, the purchase of his blood, The apples of his grace.

(10.)

O here's the tree of life, that gives The virtue finners need,

Enliv'ning fruit, and healing leaves, To raise and cure the dead.

(11.)

Pardons, and promises and joys Upon his branches grow,

Which, bending down with gentle poise, Unload themselves below.

(12.) Laden

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(12.)

Laden with grace, his fruit he drops
And spreads my table o'er,
To please my taste, and feed my hopes,

Until I feast in glore.

Ver. 4. He brought me to the banqueting house +, and his banner over me was love.

(1.)

Who but my lord, the living tree, My leader also is,

That brings me near to taste and see This love and grace of his?

(2.)

Because my fall, he kindly thought, Did nature's pow'r displace; To his wine-cellars I was brought

By his almighty grace.

3.)

Brought from his garden, to his house,
To taste more joy divine;
From sipping of the apple-juice,
To drink the spiced wine.

With fweet and ravishing solace
My soul was feasted there,
In ordinances of his grace,
The house of his repair.

And lo! the royal flag difplay'd,
Dy'd with the bleeding vine,
Along my folemn entrance led
Into his house of wine.

K

(.6.)

With flying colours did I move
And march triumphantly;
For then was love, victorious love,
His banner lifted high.

(7.

This figural of his grace adorn'd
That stately march of mine,
And for my entertainment turn'd
My water into wine.

(8.)

Love's conqu'ring flag for war so near Did all my sins subdue; Love led the van, love fenc'd the rear,

Love dasht the hellish crew.

(9.)

My fainting heart was giving o'er, Till with his enfign spread, My standard-bearer went before, And all the furies sted.

(10.)

Soul now to arms; love fights and wins, This banner guards my life;

Almighty love will flay my fins, And end the bloody strife.

(11.)

Still therefore to pursue the chase,

Till I triumph above;

I'll mind the banquet of his grace, The banner of his love:

(12.)

With love he march'd, with love he led,
With love he arm'd my breast,
With love he drew, with love he fed,
With love he crown'd the feast.

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Ver. 5. Stay * me with flagons, comfort † me with apples; for I am sick of love.

Ther unit days (i.t.)

Lo! while my mem'ry does review
His matchless bleeding love,
My spirit falls a bleeding too,
My bowels melt and move.

(2.)

O ye whose office is to bear
The vessels of his grace,
Bring slagons full of comfort here,
And apples of solace.

(3.)

Large vessels fetch without delay
With cordials from above:
Haste ere my spirits swoon away;
I'm sick, I'm sick of love.

(4.)

I'm overcome, I faint, I fail,

Till love shall love relieve;

More love divine the wound can heal

That love divine did give.

(5.)

The agent Christ alone I view,
Tho' now my foul that faints
In sickness raves of aid from you,
That are but instruments.

(6.)

To stay and strengthen me:
The deeper in his love I wade,
The sweeter still is he.

K 2

(7.) Straw

^{*} Here the verbs are in the plural number, stay ye me, comfort ye me. † Straw me.

(7.)

Straw me with apples all along;
Their taste does so surprise,
I'd ly and roll myself among
These fruits of paradise.

(8.)

Support this finking heart of mine
Beneath a weight of love,
With living fruit and gen'rous wine
From azure fields above.

(9.)

I cannot furfeit here nor fist
Even tho' my cup run o'er,
But feed on hunger, drink on thirst,
And covet always more.

(10.)

New feasts of love I feek, to free And give love-sickness ease. How can I lothe what sickens me, So sweet is my disease?

(11.)

The love, the love that I bespeak,
Does wonders in my soul:
For, when I'm whole, it makes me sick;
When sick, it makes me whole.

(12.)

More of the joy that makes me faint Would give me present ease: If more should kill me, I'm content To die of that disease.

Ver. 6. His left hand is under my head, and his right hand doth embrace me.

(1.) How

I

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(1.)

How foon my fainting foul did cry
For cordials to be brought,
So foon my lord himfelf drew nigh,
With more than I had fought.

(2.)

I fought wine-flagons, but anon The vine drew near to me:

I fought but apples in my swoon, And lo, I found the tree.

(3.)

When I on fervants call'd in vain,
My lord himfelf with speed
Did in his arms of love amain
Uphold my fainting head.

(4.)

My heart's desire is now obtain'd, I have my royal guest,

And, by his kind embrace sustain'd, Do in his bosom rest.

(5.)

He does with joys that can't be told My health and strength repair,

And both his hands about me hold, To shew his tender care.

(6.)

His left hand for my support he Beneath my head doth place;

And for my comfort lendeth me His right hand's foft embrace.

(7.)

His presence brings a plenteous show'r Of blessings from above; For now I'm guarded with his pow'r,

And girded with his love.

(8.)

For my solace 'gainst sin and death
I feel his heav'nly charms,

And for my safety underneath His everlasting arms.

Ver. 7. I charge you *, 0 ye daughters of Jerusalem, by the roes, and by the hinds of the field, that ye stir not up, nor awake my love †, till he please.

Immortal love her rest and room
Does in my bosom take;
Woe to the fury that shall come
This joyful rest to break.

Soon as the tim'rous hinds and roes
Are scarr'd from sleep and rest,
Would earth and hell this sweet repose
Maliciously infest.

O Salem's daughters, then I pray And charge you fland in aw To waken love, or do what may Make Jesus to withdraw.

Yea, all about me I adjure,
Professors and profane,
Excepting neither rich nor poor,
The sov'reign nor the swain:

(5.) By

I

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^{*} Heb. Adjure you. † The word my is a supplement, and the word love is in the seminine gender. She speaks of Christ as that love eminently, or love in the abstract: the original runs, that ye stir not up nor awake love till it please.

(5.)

By pleasant roes and loving hinds, Affections emblem meet,

By all that's dear to loving minds, And ev'ry thing that's fweet;

By all that's lovely in your eyes, I earnestly obtest,

Since Jesus in my bosom lyes, Ye may not mar his rest.

(7.)

Begone, Sin, Satan, earthly toys, Far be ye from my heart; Approach not to disturb my joys,

Nor cause my lord depart.

(8.)

His smiles are free, he comes and goes, My happy hour is this:

Why should ye prove such cursed soes
To interrupt my blis?

(9.)

My glorious lord now fleeps within Mine arms of faith and love:

I charge myself, my heart, my sin, Not once to stir nor move.

(10.)

He may as fov'reign countermand The fignals of his grace;

But never let a finful hand Of mine eclipse his face.

(11.)

To rob me of his charms;

Nor curfed unbelief, to rend My love out of mine arms.

(12.)

I all the spawn of hell explode,
That would his rest annoy;
O may I never grieve my God,
Nor sin away my joy.

Ver. 8. The voice of my beloved! Behold, he cometh leaping upon * the mountains, skipping upon the hills.

Sweet was the rest, but short the stay
Of Jesus my belov'd,
Who lately in my bosom lay,
But instantly remov'd.

(2.)

Thus doth my fov'reign lord declare
The freedom of his charms,
By slipping off, amidst my care
To hold him in mine arms.

Great hills, alas! now interveen
Betwixt my lord and me;

His voice unheard, his face unseen: Stop, stop, I hear, I see.

The voice of my beloved founds,
I know the charming lyre;
No mortal voice fo fwetly wounds
And ravishes mine ear.

I hear the voice, I feel the dart,
My breast begins to burn,
The joyful found revives my heart
With hopes of his return.

(6.) In's

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* Or over.

(6.)
In's volume, lo I come, faid he; Ish and a
And now I fee him move a word and W
In folemn triumph towards me, anothe valour out?
On wings of wondrous love. The Mark
(71)
His coming in the flesh I view,
Glad heav'n his march attends in all which
And coming in the spirit too,
For lo, the dove defcends.
(86)
Dark shades adieu, bright morning springs,
Behold the gilded sphere!
Incarnate Love's perfumed wings
Now cleave the shady air.
(94)
He over hills and mountains high
Comes flying on the clouds, and the T
In stately pomp advancing nigh
Thro' all opposing crouds.
Of principalities and pow'rs
He makes an open shew;
Down, in his march, he throws the tow'rs
Of hell's outragious crew.
(11.)
He skips o'er rocks without delay,
Nor tarries he to climb;
For hills and mountains in the way
Are but a leap to him.
(12.)
O'er heaps of fin to run he deigns,
O'er hills of guilt to flee:
Nor death, nor hell, nor wrath restrains.
His loving march to me.
Ver. 9. My beloved is like a roe, or a youngbart :
L (ii) When

(1))

When faith itself could hardly see
What pow'r could ever pave
The rocky mountains whereon he
Must come to seek and save;

(2.)

When manifold obstructions met,
My loving Jesus made
A stepping stone of ev'ry let

That in his way was laid.

(3.)

O'er hills of fin and vales of grief,
O'er mountains, rocks and feas,
For my falvation and relief

He runs, he leaps, he flies.

(4.)

O'er every Bether high and low,
That him and me did part,
He marches like the bounding roe
Or loving youthful hart.

(5.)

To manifest that his delights

Were with the sons of men,

He hastens to restore their rights,

And rise Satan's den.

(6.)

No doubt remains of his good-will,
Whose speedy march does prove
His joyful fondness to fulfil
His purposes of love.

(7.)

When hainous trespasses of mine
Make me conclude that he
Will never any more incline
Again to visit me,

(8.) And

H

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(8.)

And finiling in my face;
How can I but adore, admire

And magnify his grace!

eth forth * at the windows, shewing † himself through the lattes.

(die) har we do sould

Come, friends, admire how he renews

The vifits of his grace,

And in what various forms he shews

The beauties of his face.

(2.)

His darkest ways will prove him kind; For, when he hides at all,

He goes not far, but stands behind
Our own partition-wall.

3.)

Tho' we, alas! do build up high The hiding wall of fin:

Yet he behind it, very nigh, Stands ready to come in.

(4.)

His feet no rest can elsewhere take, But skipping, leaping, move,

Till me the resting-place he make And center of his love.

And tho', while in this distant place,
This vale of sin and thrall,

There's still between me and his face
A thick, a darkning wall;

L 2

(6.) Yet

^{*} Or rather looketh in.

(6.)

Yet distance alters not his love. Nor ought abates his care,

Which force him thro' the wall to move. And make a window there:

(7.)

That there, as thro' a window-glass However dark and dim, His eye of love to me may pass,

Mine eye of faith to him.

(8.)

Thro' latteffes that light divide, Thro' glorious gospel-lines,

A vail of flesh, a pierced fide, His love, his beauty shines.

(9.)

Thus, like a beauteous flow'r in spring, He shews himself in state, Before the window flourishing, And growing thro' the grate.

Ver. 10. My beloved spake, and faid unto me; Rise up, my love, my fair one, and come away *.

1.)

When my beloved Jesus nigh Did to my foul appear,

His matchless beauty charm'd mine eye, His gracious words mine ear.

(2.)

Why, tho' the sweetest favours giv'n Are in his felt embrace: Yet surest intercourse with heav'n

Is by his word of grace.

(3.) I'll

See Ver. 13.

(3.)

I'll therefore fing the words he faid,
And his alluring art,
Who me no filent vifit made,
But spake into my heart.

(4.)

Thy joyful found my foul restor'd

And heal'd to that degree,
I never will forget his word

By which he quickned me.

(5.)

"Rise up (said he) my pleasant bride,
"And leave what thee annoys:

"Lay killing fears and damps aside,
"And share my quickning joys.

(6.)

"My love, there is no spot in thee "But what my grace shall hide;

"Thou art, and evermore shalt be,
"My fair and comely bride.

(7.)

"And fince thou'rt mine by folemn tie,
"And I'm fo fond of thee.

"It ill becomes thee to be shie
"And carry strange to me.

(8.)

"Are mortal pleasures worth thy stay?
"Flee from their dying arms;

"Haste to my bosom, come away,
"And share immortal charms.

Ver. 11. For lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone.

(1.) " Come

(1.)

" Come love (faid he) for now thy way " Is pleafant, safe and plain:

" Behold a fair, inviting day " And heav'n above ferene.

" Fear not the storm; for, ere I gave " The gracious call to thee,

"Fair weather I commanded have, " And calm'd the raging fea.

3.)

"Thou hast no dang'rous winter-flight, " No drop of wrath to dread;

"The storm did with a vengeance light " Down on thy furety's head.

(4.)

" So full did I my charge perform " Once in thy room and place,

"That now no killing wrathful storm " Can blow upon thy face.

"Tempestuous wrath and death is past, "Stern justice is appeas'd;

"Since I couragious bore the blaft, " All heav'n is fully pleas'd.

"I call thee not to fight and bleed, " But, free of pain and toil,

" To follow thy victorious head, " And gather in the spoil.

"Yea, winter of desertion's past, " And rain of trouble o'er,

"While by my presence now thou hast " An antepast * of glore.

* Or Foretafte.

Ver.

Ver. 12. The flowers appear on the earth, the time of the singing ‡ of birds is come.

(1.)

"Come, come; for now, beloved bride,
"By warming beams of grace,

"The youthful spring with flow'ry pride "Looks smiling in thy face.

(2.)

"See lapsed nature's cursed earth,
"Nipt with a winter-fall,

"Now bleft with buds of heav'nly birth "And flow'rs around the ball.

(3:)

"See Adam's dry and blasted root,
"Where briers and thorns were rife,

"Now bud and bear unfading fruit
"Unto immortal life.

(4.)

"Lo, heav'n appears upon the ground
"Where hell grew up apace;

"While earthly hearts do now abound "With heav'nly flow'rs of grace.

(5.)

"The fading trees of righteousness "Resume their fruitful life,

"While I the branches lop and dress, "And bless the pruning knife.

"The present time of peaceful spring

"From wint'ry blusters free,
"Invite the heav'nly birds to sing
"Upon the living tree.

--- And

[‡] Heb. The time of finging is come. The word rendred finging signifies also to prune or crop.

land. And the voice of the turtle * is heard in our

(1.)

"Lo, now is heard the heav'nly dove,
"The facred turtle's voice;

"The joyful found of grace and love "Makes drooping hearts rejoice.

(2.)

"Refounding ochos thro' the plain
"From all my little doves,

"That in the valleys mourn amain, "Melodious music proves.

(3.)

"Their hearts that could nor joy nor mourn,
"So close bound up and pent,

"Have now upon their lord's return,
"A joyful, mournful vent.

(4.)

"As loving friends long distant do "Most joyful meet their wish,

"Whose forrows during absence, now "Dissolving, bleed afresh:

(5.)

"So wrestling tribes in chearful mones "Their lord approaching wait,

"With joyful hearts, yet mournful tones,
"As turtles meet their mate.

(6.)

"Sweet founds alluring all that lift "Are heard on every hand,

"Around the field that I have bleft,
"And stil'd Immanuel's land.

Ver.

^{*} By the turtle some understand the Spirit, some the Bride.

Ver. 13. The fig-tree putteth forth her green figs, and the vine with the tender grape give a good smell.

(1.)

"Now, now is the accepted time,
"When heav'nly plants of grace

"All pressing forward to their prime,
"And thriving, grow apace.

(2.)

"The figs, tho' yet unripe for meat,

" Appear in green aray:

"Young grapes unripe for drink, yet sweet "And sav'ry scents convey.

(3.)

"With joy the early sprigs I see,
"The young and tender race;

"And view with pleasure in mine eye
"The smallest buds of grace.

(4.)

"Yea, lo, the well-advanced spring "Does in abundance now,

"Not only flow'rs for pleasure bring, "But fruits for profit too.

(5.)

"The living vine incessant does
"To ev'ry branch dispense

"Most sweet and odorif'rous juice,
"From steams of hell to sence.

"Are serpents said to flee the smell
"Of vines with fear and dread?

"Perfumes of heav'n's true vine repell
"Th' old serpent and his seed.

Arise, my love, my fair one, and come a. way *.

(1.)

"Rise, drooping bride, while spring so sweet, "In place of winter snell,

"Does thus by various charms invite
"Thine eyes, and ears, and fmell.

(2.)

"Fair love, 'tis thee I'm fond to wed,
"'Tis thee I'm loth to want;

"Come to thy heav'nly mate, and bid
"All earthly loves avaunt.

(3.)

"Thy company and love to gain
"I am so strongly bent,

"I'll still insist, till I obtain
"Thy full and free consent.

(4.)

"Haste to mine arms; for, didst thou move "As I'm to thee inclin'd,

"Thy heart would on the wings of love "Outfly the hafty wind.

Ver. 14. O my dove that art in the clefts of the rock, in the secret places of the stairs, let me see thy countenance, let me hear thy voice: for sweet is thy voice, and thy countenance is comely.

(1.)

" My dove that in the lofty rock
" Art wont to nestle high,

"And to my wounds, when storms provoke,
"As shelt'ring holes to fly;

(2.) "In

(2.)

"In fecret corners wont to vent
"Thy heart to me alone,

"Kindly to pour thy heavy plaint,
"And make thy humble mone:

"O why dost thou, that built so high,
"At every threatning shock,

"So tim'rous now for shelter sy

"To any lower rock?

"Why, frighted from thy lofty nest,
"To lurking holes and clifts

"Dost take, with shame and fear opprest,
"Such vain and forry shifts?

(5.)

"Look up, my dove; nor blush nor fear "Thy heav'nly mate to face,

"Who wills thee boldly to appear "Before his throne of grace.

(6.)

"Lift voice and count'nance both upright "With confidence to me,

"And let thy voice mine ears delight,
"Thy countenance mine eye.

"For fweet's thy voice of pray'r and praise,
"Which please me more to hear,

"Than ever choice melodious lays
"Could charm a mortal ear.

(8.)

"Thy humblest mournful notes, my dove,

"Excel, in my esteem,
"Their highest strains that artful rove
"In orat'ry sublime.

M 2

(9.) " Thy

"Thy countenance is also fair

"And comely in mine eyes;

"Tho' earthly minds with scornful air "Thy heav'nly mein despise.

(10.)

"For, while my righteousness compleat "Is still thy robe renown'd,

"My graces in thy count'nance meet,
"And cast their lustre round.

Ver. 15. Take + us the foxes, the little foxes that fpoil the vines; for our vines have tender grapes.

(1.)

"But fince my bride's a tim'rous dove,
"Soon scarr'd and set astray;

"Care must be taken to remove
"The fright'ning beasts of prey.

(2.)

" Of hurtful foes a hellish brood "Against her peace combines;

"As in a vineyard foxes rude "Infest the feeble vines.

(3.)

"Let all concern'd in her and me
"Soon, at our instance, seize

"The foxes great and small they see
"That spoil the rising trees.

"Ye ministers of my affairs,

" My vineyard who attend,

"I charge you guard against the snares
"That do the vines offend.

(5.) "Al

† Take, in the original, is in the plural number, take ye.

(5.1)

" All erring teachers foon descry,

" Deceitful workers check, " All false apostles take and try,

" Refute, repel, reject.

(6.)

" No cunning spoilers slightly mark, " No little foxes spare:

" For these no small destruction work,

" No little mischief share.

(7.) " A little fox foon spoils and rents

" Small branches to the flump:

" A little leaven soon ferments

" And leavens all the lump.

(8.)

"Our vines have small and tender grapes:

" And if the strong, the big

" With much ado the hurt escapes,

"How hardly will the sprig?

(9.)

"Each foul be also taught to catch

"Small foxes hid in heart,

"Vain thoughts, deceitful lusts, that hatch

" And gender grievous smart.

"Their little rising brats destroy,

" Their small beginnings hush;

" Else they the buds of grace and joy,

"The tender branches, crush.

Ver. 16. My beloved is mine, and I am his; he feedeth * among the lilies +.

(I.) Such

^{*} Viz. Himself or his people. † His people or his ordinances,

(1.)

Such were the kindly words he spoke
To give my soul repose,
Such was the order strict he took
With my disturbing soes.

(2.)

I'll therefore boldly now affert,
While yet he hides his face,
And own his int'rest in my heart,
My int'rest in his grace.

(3.)

Lo, I am his, and he is mine, Our titles are involv'd By mystic union, so divine As cannot be dissolv'd.

(4.)

Our mutual int'rest firm abides,
And will endure for ay;
Hence, tho' behind the shade he hides,
He is not far away.

(5.

Tho' heav'n the noblest banquet yields,
Among his flow'rs above;
Yet here amidst his lily-fields
He keeps his feasts of love.

(6.)

Mong faints whose robes are lily-white, By washing in his blood, To grace the feast is his delight, His meat and drink and food.

(7.)

With loving care his flock he feeds
Upon the fattest place,
Among the fairest lily-beds,
The pastures of his grace.

(8.) By

I

10

(8.)

By faith I wait my proper share, When nought by sense I see;

And argue from his past'ral care His loving mind to me.

Ver. 17. * Until the day break +, and the shadows flee away.

(1.)

Among the lilies here below My lord will feed and stay,

Until eternal day shall blow Time's shady night away:

(2.)
Still therefore rays of joy remain,
Tho' dampt with clouds of fear;

Until he cleave the starry plain, And on the clouds appear.

(3.)

Did faints of old, when wrapt in night, Believing, hope to fee

Incarnate love's substantial light
Make legal shadows flee?

(4.)

'Tis done; and now the brighter skie Makes gospel-grace the pawn,

That all remaining shades shall die And sink in glory's dawn.

Her fiery wheels with speedy flight Shall o'er the shades be hurl'd,

And deluges of dawning light O'erspread the dusky world.

(6.) Let

[†] These words are applicable either to the preceeding or following. * Breathe or blow.

(6.)

Let there be light, once more he'll fay Who first did gild the ball:

Then up shall rise the endless day, And down the shadows fall.

(7.)

Darkness, the charge, no more to be, Shall hear, and soon obey,

And clouds of fin and forrow flee Before the rifing day.

(8.)

The long dark nights that kept the field And domineer'd with might,

Shall then resign their place, and yield To everlasting light.

Ev'n ordinances sweet shall pass Which darkly shew him here;

For then he'll break the looking-glass, And face to face appear.

(10.)

Welcome, the great, the glorious store;
Adieu, sweet, little pawns:

I'll doubt, and fear, and fin no more, When glory's morning dawns.

roe, or a young hart upon the mountains of Bether †.

(1.)

Kind Lord, till this bright morn appear To my eternal blis,

Till dusky shadows all retire
And work no more distress:

(2.) Turn,

E

^{*} As in a circuit. † Or of division.

((2.)

Turn, till this glorious break of day,
O turn to me thy face;

While in thy shady vale I stay,

Deny me not thy grace.

(3.)

While circling woes depress my foul

To various darksom urns:

Let circling mercies round me roll, By various kind returns.

(4.)

O'er hills of fin, and guilt, and woe, That place us far apart,

Come marching like the bounding roe, Or loving youthful hart.

(5.)

O'er mountains to their mates they move, They skip, they leap, they flee;

With equal ease, and speed, and love Haste o'er the hills to me.

(6.)

Tho' justly thou retire and hide, Thy favour stands unmov'd:

I'll therefore own I am thy bride, And thou art my belov'd.

(7.)

Hence shall dividing hills and rents Between my foul and thee,

Be to my faith but arguments
To haste thy march to me.

8.)

Let mighty hills, o'er which to go Defies my feeble limbs.

Enhanse the glory of the roe

That rocks and mountains climbs.

(9.)

Difficulties so huge to me
I never can remove,
Be but occasions fair to thee
To shew thine active love.

(10.)

Let rising mountains haste the view Of all-surmounting might: And evining shades, the falling dew Of love, till morning light.

C H A P. III.

The CHURCH'S Words

Ver. I. By night on my bed I fought him whom my foul loweth; I fought him, but I found him not.

(1.)

WHEN Shadows dark and mountains high,
With stern united might,
Conspir'd to hide him from mine eye
Whose absence is my night;

2.)

Upon my drowfy bed alone,
Amidst my slumbers tost,
I sought him; but my slothful mone
And lazy labour lost.

Love acting such a languid part,
I felt a strange disease,
An absent lord, a careless heart,
And rest without release.

(4.) Justly

I

(4.)

Justly the darling of my foul, Still rolling in my mind,

Did my dull fuit again controul; I fought, but could not find.

Ver. 2. I will rife now, and go about the city, in the streets, and in the broad ways I will seek him whom my soul loveth: I sought him, but I found him not.

(I.)

Since my beloved won't be found In fuch a fleepy road, I'll roufe, and rife, and go around The city of my God.

(2.)

More life and vigour than before, Thro' grace, I will display;

And in my fearch frequent no more This lazy, formal way.

3.)

But, shaking off my drowsy chains, About his courts I'll move,

With more activity and pains, To feek my dearest love.

(4.)

I'll ev'ry fecret corner trace, And fearch the public street,

The ordinances of his grace, Till I my Saviour meet.

(5.

In mere resolves I did not sist,

But sought him here and there;

Yet ab the Code of Inches

Yet, ah, the God of Jacob mist Even in the house of pray'r.

N 2

(6.) So

(6.)

So much did former laziness

To present loss redound,

That in the most devout address

He was not to be found.

Ver. 3. The watchmen that go about the city found me: To whom I said, saw ye him whom my foul loveth?

(1.)

Then was I (while I roam'd abroad)

By faithful watchmen found,

Who in the city of their god

Perform'd their painful ro nd.

(2.)

To whom I cry'd, with great respect,
"Ye pilots of the blind,
"Can ye my wand'ring steps direct

" My dearest love to find?

(3.)

"I hope, ye who with heav'nly art
"Still tread the holy ground,

"Well know the darling of my heart,
"And where he may be found.

"When my belov'd is hid from you, What paths, what means of grace,

"What course do ye yourselves pursue
"To see his lovely face?

(5.)

"Tell me, ye watchmen of the night,
"I pray you, tell me where

"Did ye espy my soul's delight?
"That I may seek him there.

(6.) " O hap.

(6.)

" O happy stars, if ye might be " My guides to Jesus now!

" Seers, did ye my Saviour see? " Pray tell me where, and how?

(7.)

But, ah, no lips of faints or priefts My present plaint could stay;

All were but dry and empty breafts, While Jesus was away.

(8.)

My teachers left me still in doubt, While he withheld his grace; Even when their doctrine found me out, And touch'd my very case.

Tho' public means no present stop Put to my bleeding wound; Yet, lo, the healing dew they drop I foon in private found.

Ver. 4. It was but a little that I passed from them, but I found him whom my foul loveth :---

1.)

When public ordinances fail'd In easing my complaints; When little to my help avail'd Or ministers or saints:

When means and duties nought could do, Tho' useful in their place, As open inns; and precious too, As fweet canals of grace:

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I

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I

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(3.)

Yet, proving as to fuccess weak,
Beyond them all I past,
A little further step to make,
And found my love at last.

(4.)

When outward conduit-pipes could vent
No drop, to help my need,
The little step I further went
Was to the fountain-head.

(5.)

For passing thro' the brittle reeds,
And but a little space;
And looking o'er the servants heads,
I saw the master's face.

(6.)

My trust in means did from them pass, A higher rock to climb; But through them, as the looking-glass, I fixt mine eyes on him.

(7.)

How foon thro' gospel telescopes

Faith did his glory spy;

Dismissing all inferior hopes,

My heart pursu'd mine eye.

(8.)

I found my foul's beloved chase,
In all his pleasing charms;
Then joyful flew to his embrace,
And graspt him in mine arms.

I held him, and would not let him go,

(1.) His

1.)

His presence which by faith and pray'r
I sought so much to gain,

Now, when enjoy'd, with equal care

(2.)

I wept for joy to see his face, And, like a kindly bride,

Inclos'd him fast in mine embrace,
And prest him to abide.

(3.)

His presence did such bliss imply, His absence such a bane;

I now refolv'd that he and I Should never part again.

(4.)

I saw his smiling face where stood, A thousand lovely charms,

And melted down into a flood Of pleasure in his arms.

(5.)

And, lightning now on Jacob's road, Did equal fervour show:

I wept and wrestled with my God, And would not let him go.

(6.)

In heat of battle for the bliss On pleasant Bethel plains,

I held him by his faithfulness, The girdle of his reins.

7.)

And while I made his truth my shield, His word of grace my stay;

The God of Jacob deign'd to yield, And could not say me nay.

(8.)

Of freedom great without offence
Allowing me my fill;
With holy, humble violence
I won him to my will.

bouse, and into the chambers of her that conceived me.

(1.)

While such a banquet I enjoy'd,
Such pow'r with God in pray'r,
My court and moyen I employ'd
That others too might share.

(2,)

Remembring, while I fuckt the comb,
My starving friends in jail;
I brought him to my mother's home,
His largesses to deal;

That all my relatives might tafte
My present wondrous blis,

Who faint with famine in the waste And howling wilderness.

With ardent zeal befought I him,
To let his bleffing fall
On mystical Jerusalem,
The mother of us all.

'Tis writ in Zion's infant-roll,
This man and that man there
Was born again; and there my foul
First drew the vital air.

(6.) I there-

H

T

(6.)

I therefore beg'd, her offspring free
Might have, with peaceful days,
The pleasure of his company
In his approved ways.

(7.)

His presence to her house I sought, Its ruins to repair,

To strengthen what his hands had wrought, And shew his glory there.

(8.)

I pray'd him to my native home,
As his belov'd refort;
Nor did my Lord refuse to come
And grace his facred court.

(9.)

For there he fill'd oft to the brim My cup of joy; and there His love to me, and mine to him, Did mutual tokens share.

(10.)

I found, to my experience glad,
That, in the wreftling way,
The God of Jacob never faid
The feed of Jacob, nay.

Ver. 5. I charge you, O ye daughters of Jerusalem, by the roes and by the hinds of the field, that ye stir not up nor awake my love till he please *.

O (1.) My

^{*} See Chap. ii. 7. the same words, but here they relate to Christ's presence in the church, the mother's house, that that be not savred.

(1.)

(2.)

My Lord does now his joyful rest In Zion's bosom take;

Wo to the sin, th' unwelcome guest, This sweet repose shall break.

Ye daughters of Jerusalem, That love to him profess.

Take care ye do not lose the gem, The joy that ye posses.

While some delight in hinds and roes, And from alarms would shield

Their foon-disturbed, soft repose, Upon the open field.

(4.)

Shall we awake our dearest love, With vain and earthly noise,

That may provoke him to remove, And dash our present joys?

If some affect the rural charms
And pleasures of the field.

A dearer love is in our arms

Than ever earth could yield.

(6.)

If they their pleasing trisles would All undisturb'd enjoy;

Shan't we our dearest darling hold And hug without annoy?

(7.)

The fons and daughters are,
Be careful, while he stays with us,
Lest ye the pleasure mar.

(8. While

(8.)

While he vouchfafes to be our guest,
And grace our public inn,
Let none of us disturb his rest,
By heav'n-provoking sin.

(0.)

In love he comes and goes, and so
May leave his holy hill:
But woe to us if off he go
In wrath, against his will.

(10.)

His will and pleasure is a law,
To which we must submit:
But never tempt him to withdraw,
Until he judge it fit.

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 6. Who is this * that cometh out of the wilderness like pillars of smoke, perfumed with myrrhe and frankincense, and all powders of the merchant?

(1.)

What bride is this, in bright aray,
With precious bleffings ftor'd,
That gives us folemn charge to pay
Such homage to her lord?

2.)

Up from the defert see her move, And climb the azure skies; As from the glowing altar's stove The sinoaky pillars rise.

0 2

(3.) Her

^{*} This, here, is in the feminine gender, q. d. Who is she that cometh up, etc.

(3.)

Her heart inflam'd with holy fire
In the devoutest mode,
Adventures boldly to aspire
Unto the throne of God.

(4.)

As tow ring smoke in air serene,
With stately rising heads,
Majestic mounts above the plain
In lofty pyramids:

(5.)

See how her warm'd affections tow'r And, with a heav'nly air, Contempt on earthly glory pour, As worthless of her care.

(6.)

Perfum'd with myrrhe and incense sweet, She smells like flow'ry spring, With sav'ry graces, odours meet

To entertain her king.

(7.)

No precious powders from afar,
Of which the merchant boafts,

Like these her grateful odours are, Brought from Immanuel's coasts.

(8.)

So wondrous are the charms we spy, So rich the broider'd robe;

Her dazling splendor blinds our eye, And blazes o'er the globe.

The Church's Words.

Ver. 7. Behold, his bed * which is Solomon's,—

(1.) O friends,

* See Chap. i. 16.

(1.)

O friends, what mean you, with furprife,
On mortal me to gaze?
From borrow'd beauty turn your eyes

To uncreated rays.

(2.)

Behold the king magnificent Who me fo richly clad

Whom Solomon the opulent *
Did typify and shade.

(3.)

Come, see his equipage prepar'd, And ensigns of renown,

His stately bed, his royal guard, His chariot and his crown.

(4.)

His bed of state in Zion stands, Within the royal court;

For there the bleffing heav'n commands, There is his lov'd refort.

(5.)

There, still remains, as prophets vouch, And holy scriptures tell,

The heir of heav'n's embroider'd couch For hugging heirs of hell.

(6.)

This is my rest, here will I stay, In facred lines he said:

And, till he can his word unfay, He'll never change his bed.

(7.)

'Tis here, with pleasure unexprest, Our mutual loves combine.

On easy downs of holy rest, And sellowship divine.

(8.) The

(8.)

The furniture and cost immense
About the bed may clear
An infinitely greater prince

Than Solomon is here.

Threescore valiant men are about it, of the valiant of Israel. V. 8. They all hold swords, being expert in war: every man hath his sword upon his thigh, because of fear in the night.

(I.)

Behold the royal guard, to fence
His bed on ev'ry fide,
To shew the splendor of the prince,
The safety of the bride.

(2.)

A num'rous host of nobler knights
Than Solomon's brigade

Of fixty valiant Israelites
Around his iv'ry bed.

(3.)

For, lo, the resting place to guard The hosts of God combine,

Thousands of angels all prepar'd, And attributes divine.

(4.)

The lowest rank that rails the bed Are watchmen of the night,

Who stand as sentries in the shade, Until the morning-light.

Of these the faithful to their prince No naked soldiers are,

But arm'd compleat for bold defence, As mighty sons of war. (6.)

By long experience skilful grown They in the field command,

And val'rous for the heav'nly crown They fight with fword in hand.

(7.)

The spirit's sword each ready wears Close girded by his side,

The word of God, to still the fears Of Jesus' royal bride.

(8.)

When nightly dreads her quiet mar, Their fwords silence the fright,

And from the holy spot debar The terrors of the night.

(9.)

Yea, Zion's king himself acclaims To be her shield and shade;

His blood, his word, his oath, his names Defend the royal bed.

(10.

The fentry is almighty wings, For * subsidy prepar'd:

What fleeping couch of earthly kings
Can boaft of fuch a guard?

(11.)

Amidst night-shades that fear suggest, Amidst + menacing harms,

They ly secure, whose bed of rest Is strong Immanuel's arms.

(12.)

Ye that my bright aray descry, See, see, his guarded bed;

Where I in ease and safety ly, Beneath his garment spread.

Help or aid. + Threatning.

Vera

Ver. 9. King Solomon made himself a chariot of the wood of Lebanon. V. 10. He made the pillars thereof of silver, the bottom thereof of gold, the covering of it of purple; the midst thereof being paved with love for the daughters of Jerusalem.

(1.)

Ye that, amaz'd at my afcent,
Stand gazing to the sky,
Come see the engine eminent,
By which I mount so high.

(2.)

And bed to lay me foft,

Are flying chariot-wheels of grace

To bear my foul aloft.

(3.)

Our Solomon, the prince of peace,
The king of Zion fam'd,
For his renown, and my release,
A stately chariot fram'd.

(4.)

He who for pleasure made the bed,
For peace who set the guard,
For solemn pomp and cavalcade
This glorious engine rear'd.

He, congruous to his old decree,
For shewing forth his praise,
A cov'nant firm of promise free

Did like a chariot raise.

(6.)

None fram'd of Leb'non's finest wood By wisest engineers, Could equal this, so gay, so good,

And firm to endless years.

(7:) The

H

No

In

Ver

th

(7.)

The pillars thereof, for the ease
And support of the weak,
Are precious silver promises,
That will nor bow nor break.

(8.)

Its bottom is a ground-work fure
Of pure and folid gold,
From bankrupt begg'ry to fecure,
From falling thro' t' uphold.

(9.)

Its cov'ring fafe from fin to shroud,
And sure from wrath to hide,
Is purple dye, the scarlet flood
From Jesus' wounded side.

(10.)

For Salem's race (tho' fome purblind Its outfide pomp but move) The midst unseen is pav'd and lin'd With velvet seats of love.

(11.)

He who to shew his kindness fresh For human brats abroad, Came riding in a car of slesh, The high, the humble God;

12.)

Now for his bride a chariot fair
Of gospel-grace provides;
In which he conqu'ring ev'ry where
And she triumphing rides.

Ver. 11. Go forth, O daughters of Zion, and behold king Solomon with the crown wherewith his mother crowned him in the day of his espousals, and in the day of the gladness of his heart.

(1.) King

(1,)

King Jesus' royalties each one, O Zion's daughters, see;

The bed, the guard, the coach, the crown Presented to your eye.

(2.)

Behold my king, you'll strange the less To see my bright aray;

'Tis fit I now appear in dress, His coronation-day.

(3.)

Go forth in heart, from earthly toys, From felf that airy thing, From finful pleasures, dying joys,

And fee the living king.

(4.)

To him whom mother Zion bore,
The crown does appertain:
We fother to his mother from

His father to his mother fwore, That Solomon should reign.

(5.)

Behold the king, with wonder deep,
Whose glory cannot fade,
Jesus thro' Solomon the type,

The substance thro' the shade.

(6.)

Come fee, believe, admire, adore, Heav'n-gladning homage pay,

To match his mother's crown he wore Upon his nuptial-day.

(7.)

The day wherein he blest the earth, And won his bride apart,

When she him met with holy mirth, And he rejoic'd in heart. (8.)

The faints, who do his image bear,
Proclaim the high renown
Of Zion's king; who deigns to wear
Their praises as his crown.

(9.)

They act the fond * maternal part,
In joint applauding bans;
The heav'nly babe form'd in their heart
Is crown'd with both their hands.

(10.)

His wedding and his crowning day

Their pompous joys unite;

To pourtray him the lovely way

Where grace and grandeur meet.

(11.)

Once bound unto the altar's horns
A victim for our dues,
His head was crown'd with cruel thorns
By's mother-church the Jews.

(12.)

But pleasures now his pains repay,
And pomp that suits him well,
His father's crown, with sov'reign sway
O'er heav'n and earth and hell.

* Motherly ..

C H A P. IV.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. I. Behold, thou art fair, my love, behold, thou art fair, thou hast doves eyes within thy locks: thy hair is as a flock of goats that appear from mount Gilead.

(I.)

MY Love, who slighting gawdy same,
Dost human praise eschew,
From zeal to magnify my name,
And give to me my due:

Thy name no detriment sustains
By travail mine to raise;

For, lo, I now return thy pains, By crowning thee with praise.

My truth, that can't the false decoy
Of flattering lips approve,

Asserts, to animate thy joy,

Thou art my spotless love.

Lo, thou art fair; lo, thou art fair.
Twice fair thou art, I fay;

My righteousness and graces are Thy double bright aray.

Tho' thou a spotted leopard,
And black thyself dost stile;
Yet, as a mark of my regard,

I count thee free of guile.

(6.)

When to a dog, a mite, a gnat, Thou dost thyself compare,

And call thyself a hellish brat, Ev'n then I call thee fair.

(7.)

Thy trembling faith will scarcely own My comelines on thee;

Behold, behold, twice be it known, Thou art all fair in me.

(8.)

I see the beauties of the dove That decks without disguise;

For there devout affections move, Like turtles charming eyes.

(9.)

So modest, humble, pure and chast, So faithful to their mate;

On me alone they fix and rest, And all my rivals hate.

(10.)

Thy beauteous eyes, vail'd with thy locks, Shew wife fobriety:

And heav'nly beauties finest strokes, From oftentation free.

(11.)

Gay, like a comely flock of goats On Gilead's stately hight,

Is thine adorning hair, that notes Thy gesture shining bright.

(12.)

No artful curls, no pamper'd hair, The pride of mortal clay,

Can parallel the heav'nly air Of thy well order'd way. Ver. 2. Thy teeth are like a flock of sheep that are even shorn, which came up from the washing: whereof every one bear twins, and none is barren among them.

(1.)

The world, struck with thy beauty, may Believe thy pasture good,

Did they thy grinders white survey That champ the heav'nly food.

(2.)

Thy teeth, the bread of life that cull, And eager eat my flesh,

Are acts of faith in number full, In nature fair and fresh.

(3.)

Thy priests, the living bread who break And nurse the babes new born;

When by an equal law they act, Like evenly teeth adorn.

(4.)

None does his fellow overgrow, Wry'd from his proper place;

But all, as equal grinders, show Due pains to feed thy race.

(5.)

They hold a comely paritie, Nor orderless molest,

As proud o'ertoping teeth would be Like prelates o'er the rest.

(6.)

Thine active zeal, yet mild doth keep A just equality;

Like ev'nly rounded flocks of sheep, New past the shearer's eye.

(7.) Thy

T

In

(7.)

Thy purity exceeds their fleece
Washt in the crystal flood;
Thy fruits of holiness and peace
Outvie their num'rous brood.

(8.)

There does not in the flock appear One fruitless barren womb: But all by twins their product bear, And lead them bleeting home.

Ver. 3. Thy lips are like a threed of scarlet, and thy speech is comely: thy temples are like a piece of a pomegranate within thy locks.

(1.)

I view'd thy beauteous moving lips, Instructing Salem's race, And dropping purest nectar sips, In sav'ry words of grace.

(2.)

Thence facred pray'rs and praise proceed, So grateful unto God; Thy lips are like a scarlet threed

Dy'd with attoning blood.

3.)

These balmy lips with pleasing voice
Shrill in devotion's path,
Salute mine ears with secret joys.

Salute mine ears with fecret joys; And spread a fragrant breath.

(4.)

Thy speech, in praise, to my renown;
And pray'r for bliss from me;
In social words, to make me known;
Shews grace with gravity.

(5.)

Hence 'granat-like, thy temples fair, Vail'd in thy locks appear; While ruddy blushes deck thy pray'r, When none but God can hear.

(6.)

From men thou hid'st thy rosy cheeks,
Which shame for sin doth slush;
Yet, spite of masks, thy mein detects
Thy beauteous holy blush.

Ver. 4. Thy neck is like the tower of David builded for an armoury, whereon there hang a thou-fand bucklers, all shields of mighty men.

(1.)

Besides thy coral lips and cheeks,
Thy towering iv'ry neck,
Fram'd like a heav'nly structure, speaks
Wisdom its architect.

(2.)

This neck of precious faith excells
King David's stately tower;
It holds the glorious head, and dwells
Upon the rock of power.

As that was for an arm'ry built Of warlike weapons bright,

Where hung a thousand bucklers gilt,
All shields of men of might:

So this most vig'rous faith of thine
More conquest by my names,
My words and attributes divine,
Than many shields acclaims.

(5.) Defensive

In

(5.)

Defensive arms, in ev'ry case,
Within this tower abound;
With weapons of victorious grace,
And bulwarks built around.

(6.)

Thy neck of faith assimilates
An arm'ry built upright:
It stands renown'd for valiant feats,
And boldest acts of might.

(7.)

Faith joining her almighty king, Safe, spite of fears, can dwell; And viewing death without a sting Defy the gates of hell.

Ver. 5. Thy two breasts are like two young roes that are twins, which feed among the lilies *:

(1.)

Thy breasts of love resemble roes
Both young delightful twins:
In thee such equal ardour glows,
For God, and 'gainst thy sins.

Thou op'nest frank a twofold breast, Two test'ments, and two seals; Which to thy children yield a feast Of milk for daily meals.

Thine equal breasts delightful feed
With milk of sweet solace
In just proportion to the need
Of all the babes of grace.

* See Chap. vii. 3.

(4.) Among

(4.)

Among my flocks, the lilie-fields,
Where I with pleasure feast,
Thy wholesome conversation yields
Sweet food with open breast.

Ver. 6. Until the day break, and the shadows flee away, I will get me up to the mountain of myrrhe, and to the hill of frankincense.

(1.)

I heard thy former warm request,

To haste the shades away,

Or, during night, abide thy guest

Until the break of day.

(2.)

Thy prayer still in mind I bear,
To which no longer mute,
As then I bent my list'ning ear,
So now I grant thy sute.

(3.)
In Zion mount my feet shall stay,
And there I'll lodge with thee,
Until the dawn of glory's day,
That shades of forrow slee.

There will I smell the savour sweet
Of active grace and prayer;
For Zion is my chosen seat,
I'll rest for ever there.

Accepted off rings all mature

My holy hill furround,
Perfum'd with myrrhe and incense pure,
That spread their odours round.

(6.) No

(6.)

No spice so much delights the smell
As incense smoking there:
Still therefore shall my spirit dwell
Within the house of pray'r.

(7.)

This mount of incense, hill of myrrhe,
My grace shall still adorn:
Nor thence will I decamp or stir,
Till glory's nuptial-morn;

(8.)

Till to my royal courts above
My trumpet call thee up,
To confummate our endless love,
And drink full pleasure's cup.

Ver. 7. Thou art all fair, my love, there is no spot in thee.

(1.)

My love, thou seem'st a lothsom worm:
Yet such thy beauties be,
I spoke but half thy comely form;
Thou'rt wholly fair in me.

(2.)

Whole justify'd, in perfect dress;
Nor justice, nor the law
Can in thy robe of righteousness
Discern the smallest flaw.

(3.)

Yea, fanctify'd in ev'ry part,
Thou'rt perfect in design:
And I thee judge by what thou art
In thy intent and mine.

Q 2

(4.)

Fair love, by grace compleat in me, Beyond all beauteous brides, Each fpot that ever fullied thee My purple vesture hides.

Ver. 8. Come * with me from Lebanon, my spouse, with me from Lebanon: look from the top of Amana, from the top of Shenir and Hermon, from the lions dens, from the mountains of leopards.

(1.)

Fair confort, did I thee betroth?

And get thy heart and hand?
I urge thee by thy marriage-oath
Regard my kind command.

(2.)

Come, come with me from Lebanon,
This mount of vanity:
Faith's object, things unfeen, unknown,
More suit thy high degree.

(3.)

Onew born foul forget

The pompous fopp'ries, gay delights,

Toys of thy native state.

(4.)

Are mortal pleasures worth thy stay,
Or dying shades and toys,
When I invite thy heart away
To share immortal joys?

(5.) By

^{*} The words here may be read by way of promise, thou shalt come with me.

(5.)

By faith look from Amana's top,
From Shenir, Hermon fair;
Thence over Jordan look with hope
Where Zion's glories are.

(6.)

Let me alone possess thy heart, Leave ev'ry lion's den, From these wild leopard-hills depart, The place of furious men.

(7.)

All worldly joys are overweigh'd
With hills of vexing care,
And under gawdy pleasures hide
Some ghastly dang'rous share.

(8.)

Let blinded moles in earthen hills Their mould'ring store pursue,

And lick the dust that never fills; Bid thou mole-hills, adieu.

(9.)

I'll thee to higher blifs exalt,
For ever with thy Lord:

Come, come thou must, and come thou shalt, My love's thy drawing cord.

Ver. 9. Thou hast * ravished my heart, my sister, my spouse; thou hast ravished my heart with one of thine eyes, with one chain of thy neck.

(T.

Thy fellowship's my fond desire,
Thus su'd by kindly calls;
Because my vanquisht heart on fire
Thy beauty's captive falls.

(2.) I can-

^{*} Or taken away my heart.

(2.)

I cannot see with pleasure, love,
Thy seet on mountains roam;
Nor can I rest, until above
My palace be thy home.

I own, my spouse, and fister dear,
Unsham'd my brotherhood;
We're doubly sib, our kindred's near
By marriage and by blood.

Thou hast, my father being thine,
In's love a filial part;
And I'm, (thou hast so much of mine,)
Scarce master of my heart.

To thee I bear a love intense, Ev'n to the last degree: Thou, in effect, by violence Hast rapt my heart from me.

Of all created beauties brave
E'er fashion'd by my hand,
None like thy comely graces have
My heart at such command.

One glance of thy believing eye,
One chain of thy fair neck,
Part of thy form has ravish'd me;
How must the whole affect?

(8.)

Thy pow'rful faith and love detains
My heart trapt, yet enlarg'd,
With strong delights and pleasing chains,
I'm conquer'd and o'ercharg'd.

Ver. 10. How fair is thy love, my sister, my spouse? how much better is thy love than wine? and the smell of thy ointments, than all spices?

(1.)

Dear relative, thou in whose veins
My blood and spirit run,
Bound to my heart by various chains,
I'll in thy praise go on.

(2.)

How fair! how grateful unto me Are all thy fruits of love! Thy love beyond compare I fee, And with my heart approve.

(3.)

My love divine was in thine eye
Prefer'd to richest wine:
And, not to be behind with thee,
I'll speak the praise of thine.

(4.)

Thy love excells the choicest wine
That chears man's heart apace;
For, lo, this servent grace of thine
Can God's own heart solace:

(5.)

No wine of off'rings once pour'd out
Did fuch acceptance win,
As does thy shining life without,
From burning love within.

(6.)

All graces sweet thy love attend,
By me acceptance find,
And forth their fragrant odours send,
Like oil of purest kind.

(7.)

The holy unction pour'd on thee Yields to my heart a feast, And smells more * redolent to me Than spices of the east.

(8.)

As streams unto their spring reslow,

To me is thy recourse:

I call thee fair, who made thee so;

My love's of thine the source.

(9.)

Thy love's my due, because of old
With men were my delights;
I joy'd in loves I should behold,
Now charm'd I'm with the sights.

(10.)

Heart-piercing love of ancient rise
Thou didst so much ingross;
The wounds of love made me despise
The torments of the cross.

Ver 11. Thy lips, O my spouse, drop as the honycomb: hony and milk are under thy tongue, and the smell of thy garments is like the smell of Lebanon.

(1.)

O spouse, thy love with loveliness
Is mixt in word and walk;
My tongue takes pleasure to express
How I approve thy talk.

(2.) Drops

7

^{*} Sweet or favoury.

(2.)

Drops from thy lips distill'd, with ease,
To saints more sweetness yield,

Than hony-combs which bufy bees Suck from the flow'ry field.

(3.)

Both Canaan's bleffings glide below

Thy fweet instructive tongue:

For thence do milk and honey flow,

To feed and feast thy young.

(4.)

Thy heart still with thy tongue agrees,

To fill the flowing tide,

And shew thou art, without disguise, My fair and fertile bride.

(5.)

Such is thy wonted holy strain, Refreshing pleasures load,

Thy language in discourse with men, And duty towards God.

(6.)

Cloth'd with my righteousness, thy smell Is like a field of blis:

And hath with this, to deck thee well,

A robe of fav'ry grace.

(7.)

Hence still abroad thy favour flies In works, and practice fair,

Which Lebanon's perfume outvies, That scents the circling air.

(8.)

As there, fweet-simelling trees and flow'rs Did, fann'd with gales, abound;

Thy gospel-walk sweet odours pours To God and man around.

R

Ver.

Ver. 12. A garden inclosed is my sister, my spouse: a spring shut up, a fountain sealed.

(1.)

My bride's a garden of solace,
Where fruits and flow'rs abound;
A facred spot, inclos'd by grace,
Well fenc'd and wall'd around.

(2.)

From common earth fequestrate quite,
Referved for my use;
Preserved also by my might,
From vi'lence and abuse.

(3.)

A spring, diffusing crystal streams,

Does midst the garden swell;

Shut up from sultry hurtful beams

And feet would taint the well.

(4.)

A fountain seal'd for secrecy,

T' enhance the worth unseen:
For shelter and security,

To keep it pure and clean.

(5.)

My privy seal was stampt thereon,
That bliss which heav'n commands
Abroad from thence in rills may run,
And streams o'er distant lands.

(6.)

As me the Father seal'd to spread For hungry souls heav'n's food; So Zion's springs are seal'd, to shed On thirsty ground a flood. Ver 13. Thy plants are an orchard of pomegranates, with pleafant fruits, camphire with spikenard, Ver 14. Spikenard and saffron, calamus and cinnamon, with all trees of frankincense, myrrhe and aloes, with all the chief spices.

(I.)

Sweet fruits all flourishing around
My garden well beseems;
Which cannot prove a barren ground,
Amidst such living streams.

(2.)

Thy plants of grace do parallel
An orchard rich with trees;
Sweet, to delight the taste and smell;
Fair to salute the eyes.

(3.)

Here 'granates young and camphire grow,
Here spice and incense bloom,
'Nard, cinnamon, myrrhe, aloes blow
With gales a rich persume.

(4.)

Here num'rous plants with fragrant scent,
And odours most refin'd,
All in their nature excellent,
And various in their kind.

(5.)

Thy blooming plants of grace display
A heav'nly soil and air;
And sap divine which I convey

Makes all the planting fair.

Wild nature's foil could ne'er produce
Such trees as here do stand
For special pleasure, special use,
All planted by my hand.

R 2

Ver. 15. A fountain of gardens, a well of living waters, and streams from Lebanon.

(1.)

Thy pleasant garden's blooming plants
All others far excel;

For heav'n, to thine indulgent, grants Streams of falvation's well.

(2.)

This fountain open, full and nigh,
Makes plants their vigour yield;
Yea, neighb'ring gardens does supply,
And each adjacent field.

(3.)

Thy graces frank their juice convey,
Not dript as shallow pails;
But living springs, that night and day
How to refresh the vales.

(4.)

Such is thy lib'ral flowing mind,
Nor are with penury
Thy bleffings to thy banks confin'd,
But common as the fea.

(5.)

My quickning spirit, freely shed,
-That Zion's banks may flow,
The river is, whose streams do glad,
And make the planting grow.

(6.)

The well of water here runs o'cr,
The current to maintain;
With hafty course to endless glore,
As rivers to the main.

7)

Not Jordan swell'd from Lebanon So stately rolls her tide; As crystal rivers from the throne Thro' Zion's valleys glide.

(8.)

Thy rills of grace to me return,
And own their springs in me:
As garden-streams from thence must run,
With tribute to the sea.

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 16. Awake, O north wind, and come, thou fouth, blow upon my garden, that the spices there-of may flow out: let my beloved come into his garden, and eat his pleasant fruits.

(1.)

In ample praise, my king I hear
Make worthless me his theme;
But with a stunn'd, astonish'd ear,
I sink to dust for shame.

(2.)

What humbling wonders he performs!
On mites his picture draws;
Then makes the despicable worms
His subject of applause.

(3.)

Lord, if I be a garden fair,
On thee the praise must land:
For all my verdant graces were
Plants of thy mighty hand.

(4.)

Thy spicy fruits thou dost approve,
And deign'st thus to commend,
Are blossoms of thy fruitful love,
And on thy breath depend.

They quickly languish, fade and die;
They cease to bud or flow,
And sapless, scentless, fruitless lie,
Unless thy spirit blow.

(6.)

Awake, O heav'nly wind, and come,
Excite the spicy vale;
Blow on this garden of persume
A rousing quickening gale.

On Zion's fons, O sp'rit divine,
Pour grace and gifts abroad;
Make pastors by perfumes of thine,
A savour sweet to God.

(8.)

Sharp gales from chilling north command,
To rouse the seeds of grace:
Then warming south's soft wings expand,
Till spices flow apace.

9.)

From ev'ry point, O mighty winds,
Blow a new Penticost:
Let blinded atheistic minds
Know there's a Holy Ghost.

(10.)

O let my best beloved come,
And spread his area broad
With choicest fruits of rich persume,
Most grateful to my God.

(11.) My

(11.)

My garden's his (in all its views)
The life, the fap, the root;

The product whole to him accrues, From whom is all the fruit.

(12.)

Come, else the banquet cannot stand; Come bring thy pleasing treat, The fruits of thy laborious hand

The fruits of thy laborious hand, And toil with bloody sweat.

Or Shorter thus:

(1.)

Am I the garden heav'n can own, Where living waters flow,

As crystal rivers from the throne To make the planting grow?

(2.)

O heav'nly wind, awake and come, Blow all thy gracious gales

On this my garden of perfume, Else all its sayour fails.

(3.)

O holy Spirit, from above My with'ring heart inspire,

And raise, by various forms of love, As various wants require.

(4.)

Let northern breezes fill my fails With sharp convincing grace:

Then, from the fouth, refreshing gales
Resume their joyful place.

(5.)

Make all the spices flow abroad, All graces active here,

To entertain my Lord and God, Faith, love and joy appear.

(6.) Let

(6.)

Let my belov'd his presence sweet

Now to his garden grant,

To taste his pleasant fruits, and eat

What he himself did plant.

C H A P. V.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 1. I am come in to my garden, my sister, my spouse; I have gathered my myrrhe with my spice, I have eaten my hony-comb with my hony, I have drunk my wine with my milk: eat O friends, drink, yea, drink abundantly, O beloved.

(1.)

MY Love, in answer to thy pray'r,
I'm here at thy request;
And ready both to give and share
The pleasure of the feast.

(2.)

I'm come, my spouse and sister dear,
I'm to my garden come
To gather up my spice and myrrhe,
I'm pleas'd with this persume.

(3.)

My graces relish like a feast
Of hony, milk and wine;
I make myself a welcome guest,
The fruits are mine and thine.

(4.)

Eat, drink, O friends, whom I approve, I also welcome you;

Yea, drink abundance of my love, Full freedom I allow.

(5.)

Your fainting spirits here refresh With plenty spread abroad,

The grace and love, the blood and flesh Of your incarnate God.

(6.)

Not elect angels ever share Such strange and matchless food;

They feast on their Creator's care, Not your Redeemer's blood,

The CHURCH's Words.

Ver. 2. I fleep, but my heart waketh: It is the voice of my beloved that knocketh, saying, open to me, my sister, my love, my dove, my undefiled: for my head is wet with dew, and my locks with the drops of the night.

(1.)

The heart of Jesus kind I see, But mine ungrateful fails;

Two natures are at odds in me, And oft the worst prevails.

(2.)

Both fleeping flesh I have, that rests In sloth unto my shame;

And waking grace, that still protests
Against the lazy frame.

S

(3.) Hence,

(3.)

Hence, tho' I sleep, I at my heart Some inward knocking hear; 'Tis Jesus voice, his loving dart Thus wounds my waking ear.

(4.)

"Come, open, my unspotted dove,
"Thy heart I bolted find;

"Awake, my fifter; rife, my love,
"Let in thy dearest friend.

(5.)

"Wrath's mid-night show'r bedew'd my locks,
"Storms on my head did blow:

"Wilt thou unkindly flight my knocks
"Who suffer'd for thee so,

(6.)

"And now stand waiting patiently "To give the purchast good,

"At present ready to apply
"The blessings of my blood?

Ver. 3. I have put off my coat, how shall I put it on? I have washed my feet, how shall I defile them?

(1.)

When thus in most indearing terms
Kind Jesus knock'd and cry'd,
My heart, resisting heav'nly charms,
On bed of sloth reply'd;

(2.)

"My clothes are off, my nap is sweet,
"How shall I rise undrest?
"How shall I stain my new-washt feet?

"Excuse me, let me rest.

(3.) My

(2.) At

(3.)

My non-admission of his grace
His holy spirit vext;
My answer for my laziness
Was but a vile pretext.

Ver. 4. My beloved put in his hand by the hole of the door, and my bowels were moved * for him.

(I.)

When I so shamefully refus'd
Access to my belov'd,
Another kindly way he us'd,
Which my affections mov'd.

(2.)

Tho' I his Word did basely slight, Yet, ere I was aware, His Spirit by resistless might Did kindly draw the bar.

3.)

He, to unbolt the door, put in
His gracious hand of pow'r:
Then did his love upbraid my fin,
And melt my bowels fore.

Ver. 5. I rose to open to my beloved, and my hands dropped with myrrhe, and my fingers with sweet-smelling myrrhe, upon the handles of the lock.

(1.)

S 2

How long he stood, how oft he knock'd,
How patient who can tell!
What drops of grace on th' entry lock'd
From his sweet singers fell!

* Or in me.

(2.)

At length I rose from off my bed,
My drowsy bed of sloth,
To open to my spouse, who had
My solemn marriage-oath.

Soon by the wet lock-handles were My fingers moistned much,

And sweetly dropt with oil of myrrhe Left by his melting touch.

His quickning sp'rit heart-setters broke, And heal'd my dull disease; As dropping oil that makes the lock

Soon yield and ope with eafe.

Ver. 6. I opened to my beloved, but my beloved had withdrawn himself, and was gone: my heart failed when he spake. I sought him, but I could not find him; I called him, but he gave me no answer.

I op'ned straight to my belov'd, Expecting his embrace;

But, ah, from thence he had remov'd, And justly hid his face.

(2.)

Mine aking heart did now collect
His words that gave the wound,

And, wailing fore my base neglect, Away my spirit swoon'd.

With great perplexity I fought, But him I could not find; I call'd, but, ah, no answer got,

To ease my restless mind.

(4.)

So much my former flothfulness To present damage turn'd;

In grief I doubled mine address, Yet still his absence mourn'd.

Ver. 7. The watchmen that went about the city found me, they smote me, they wounded me; the keepers of the wall took away my vail from me.

(1.)

When I, in private means, with care Had fought, but fought in vain;

I try'd his public courts, but there Redoubled was my pain.

(2.)

Kind pastors formerly condol'd My case with sympathy;

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But now I met with fuch a rul'd With force and cruelty *.

(3.)

Untender watchmen, on their rounds In open streets, me got,

Afflicted me with many wounds, And without mercy fmote.

(4.)

They hurt my name, my head, my crown, And fore reproach'd my zeal;

Wall-keepers rude thus beat me down, And tore away my vail.

My fair profession they defam'd, Nor did my failings hide;

A firolling harlot I was nam'd, And not a loving bride.

Ver.

Ver. 8. I charge you, O daughters of Jerusalem, if ye find my beloved, that ye tell him that I am sick of love.

(1.)

O Salem's race, when watchmen wound, Won't ye more favour shew? What pity can't with them be found,

May I expect with you.

(2.)

I want my foul's beloved one, None else can give me ease:

I'm fick of love; Oh is there none To tell him my disease?

3.)

His absence from my soul is death; O, if ye find his grace,

I charge you with my dying breath To represent my case.

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 9. What is thy beloved more than another Beloved, O thou fairest among women? what is thy beloved more than another beloved, that thou dost so charge us?

(1.)

Fair lover, thou who dost to us
Thy moaning speech direct,
Whose shiping beauteous carriage

Whose shining beauteous carriage thus Commands our high respect;

(2.)

The object does thy love engage,
We judge by viewing thee,
Must furely be some personage
Of very high degree.

(3.) What's

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(3.)

What's thy belov'd? pray let us know, For whom thou art fo fad, And giv'ft fuch folemn charge, as tho' He not an equal had.

(4.)

Thou fairest beauty, can't thou see
His match when he removes?
Pray what alluring charms has he
Beyond all other loves?

The Church's Words.

Ver. 10. My beloved is white and ruddy, the * chiefest among ten thousands.

(I.)

If why I love my Jesus so,

The wondring world enquire,

My grounds are such as, did they know,

Their hearts would also fire.

(2.)

O there is no belov'd like mine!

He's white and ruddy both;
All human beauties, all divine

His glorious person clothe.

(3.)

White in his natures both descry'd,
From ev'ry blemish free;
And ruddy in his garments dy'd
With blood he shed for me.

(4.) Was

^{*} Or Standard-bearer.

(4.)

Was he not red but only white, The lily not the rose,

He might suffice the angels fight; But I am none of those.

(5.)

Was he not white but only red, A fuff'rer for his fin,

His blood would rest upon his head, Nor could I joy therein.

(6.)

But here's my joy and confidence, Both mixt I fee by faith,

The whiteness of his innocence, The redness of his death.

(7.)

Since for my fin he bore disgrace, Who yet from fin was free;

This makes his white and ruddy face A beauty meet for me.

(8.)

The chief of chiefs, beyond compare, Immanuel, God-man,

Among ten thousand ensigns fair Triumphant leads the van.

(9.)

To him the heav'ns their homage bring, To him celestial throngs,

Ten thousand saints and angels sing, With rapture on their tongues.

(10.)

Created wisdom cannot scan The root of Jesse's rod,

Nor speak the greatness of the man, The grandeur of the God. Or mi

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Ver.

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Ver.

Ver. 11. His head is as the most fine gold, his locks are bushy and black as a raven.

(1.)

His head which once was crown'd with thorns,
And where all wisdom dwells,
A crown of glory bright adorns,
Which finest gold excells.

(2.)

So firm, so bright, so eminent, And durable for ay, Is his extensive government, And universal sway.

(3.)

Black as a rav'n's his curled hair And bushy locks; a mark, That still his age is fresh and fair, His counsels deep and dark.

(4.)

Beauties of youth and age agree
To deck his awful fway;
Fair youth without inconstancy,
Full age without decay.

Ver. 12. His eyes are as the eyes of doves by the rivers of waters, washed with milk, and * fit-ly set.

(I.)

His dove-like eyes most bright appear Like these the brooks have wet, Or milky streams have moistned clear, Like diamonds sitly set.

T (2.) These

Fitly placed, and fet as a precious stone in the foil of a ring.

These sparkling eyes with piercing sight O'ersee the shades of death;

Inspecting secrets of the night, And searching hell beneath.

3.)

He with his fix'd and steady eyes Beholding distant parts,

Both deeps divine of counsel spies, And deeps of human hearts.

(4.)

Behold both loftiness and love In his omniscient eye;

The eagle temper'd with the dove, With meekness, majesty.

Ver. 13. His cheeks are as a bed of spices, as * sweet flowers, his lips like lilies droping sweetsmelling myrrhe.

(I.)

His rofy cheeks a bed of flow'rs
Still tow'ring up perfume;
Or Gives that with fummer there

Or spices that with summer-show'rs Their sweetest scent resume.

(2.)

These very cheeks he once resign'd To them that pluckt the hair,

Most sweetly to th' enlighten'd mind Refreshing virtue share.

His lips, refembling lily-blooms,

Drop sav'ry words of grace, Like oil of myrrhe with fine perfumes, To suit a fainting case.

(4.) The

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* Towers of perfame.

(4.)

Thy balmy drops his lips afford Give life to fons of death:

The vital favour of his word Restores expiring breath.

Ver. 14. His hands are as gold rings fet with the beryl: his * belly is as bright ivory overlaid with sapphires.

(1.)

His hands are fairer to behold,

Tho' once nail'd to the tree,

Than beryls fet in rings of gold;

So rich in bounty's he.

(2.)

His operations mighty, vast, No mortal understands;

For all the works of God have past.
Thro' these his precious hands.

(3.)

No iv'ry fine so bright is found With sapphires overlaid,

As bowels of compassion round Do gild his pierced side.

(4.)

The love about his heart that twines Still firm, without decay,

In instances unnumber'd shines With sparkling bright aray.

Ver. 15. His legs are as pillars of marble, set upon sockets of fine gold. His countenance is as Lebanon, excellent as the cedars.

T 2

(1.) His

^{*} Or bowels, the same word as in V. 4.

(1.)

His legs like marble pillars stand On golden sockets fine;

So firm's the throne of his command, So ev'n his paths divine.

(2.)

His stately steps, his steady way, His stable kingdom, proves

He's folid gold, not mould'ring clay Like fading mortal loves.

(3.)

His countenance more lofty is Than Lebanon by far;

More excellent than all its trees And stately cedars are.

(4.)

So high, so eminent is he, That in his person shine

The glories of the deity, With majefty divine.

Ver. 16. His mouth is most sweet: yea, + he is altogether lovely.

(1.)

Lo, his blest mouth, that once did taste The bitter gall for me,

With charms divinely fweet is grac'd, Unto the last degree.

(2.)

Grace pour'd into his lips, alway
Does thence fo sweetly run;

They share the father's grace for ay Who do but kiss the son.

(3.) His

(3.)

His mouth a triple heav'n imports,
A word, a finile, a kifs;
A triple doom to dash their sports
Whose lips profane the bliss.

(4.)

How hard, tho' fweet, this limning task!
I faint, I must succumb,
He is (if what he is, you ask)
All over loves, in sum.

(5.)

How weak my tongue his glory fings, Which drowns feraphic art; He's all defiderable things, And charms in ev'ry part.

(6.)

Adoring heav'ns his name confess
The infinite unknown,
And in created human dress
The uncreated ONE.

(7.)

Their tongues that do his glory speak, In loud and lofty lays, For higher notes are still to seek, And never reach his praise.

(8.)

I wrong his name with words fo faint,
Nor half his worth declare:
Can finite penfils ever paint
The infinitely fair?

This is my beloved, this is my friend, O daughters of Jerusalem.

(1.)

My union to his person dear
Bears such substantial bliss;
All mortal loves and friendships here
Are but the shade of this.

(2.)

Whatever sweet relations be 'Mong creatures great or small, There's infinite disparity

Between him and them all.

(3.)

Yet how much in himself he is, So much he is to me: For he is mine, and I am his, And evermore shall be.

(4.)

The more I hold his glory forth,
Or would his name unfold;
The more incomparable worth
I still in him behold.

(5.)

Now this, O Salem's progeny,
This, is my love, my friend;
Search heav'n and earth, but fure am I
His match you'll never find.

(6.)

Your question far exceeds my reach,
What's thy belov'd? faid ye:
His praise defeats my fault'ring speech;
But (pray you) come and see.

C H A P. VI.

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 1. Whither is thy beloved gone, O thou fairest among women? whither is thy beloved gone afide? that we may seek him with thee.

(1.)

S UCH glorious things are told by thee
About thy matchless mate;
His seekers too we fain would be,
And share thy happy state.

(2.)

Thy holy walk and talk is fuch,
Thy countenance so fair,
We think whom thou commend'st so much
Must be beyond compare.

(3.)

O where is thy beloved gone?

Thou fairest of thy king,
So happy in that glorious one
On whom thou set'st thy mind.

(4.)

Where is he gone? pray let us know What place frequents he most? That we in quest of him may go, Nor find our travel lost.

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 2. My beloved is gone down into his garden, to the beds of spices, to feed in the gardens, and to gather lilies.

(1.)

Lo, my belov'd, tho' he enthron'd
In glory keeps his place,
Yet here below is to be found
In gardens of his grace.

(2.)

He plants, he waters ev'ry tree,
His blessing makes them spring;
Then gladly comes he down to see
What rich increase they bring.

(3.)

He walks among the spicy beds,
Where aromatics flow;
And in his young plantation fee

And in his young plantation feeds, Where fruits delicious grow.

(4.)

He gathers there his chosen crop Of lilies without toil;

And, when full ripe, he picks them up, To deck his fairer foil.

(5.)

Th' affemblies of his growing faints Are still his chief repair:

Whoe'er his gracious presence wants, May seek with success there.

Ver 3. I am my beloved's, and my beloved is mine: he feedeth among the lilies.

(I.)

Tho' now my Lord from me abscond,
Yet judge him not unkind:
In's temple oft I have him found,
And hope again to find.

(2.) And,

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^{*} See chap. ii. 16. this more largely explained

And, tho' from me to fense he hides, My faith holds fast his name:

Mine int'rest in him firm abides, I will not quit my claim.

(3.)

He has my warmest love ingrost, And I possess his heart;

His love and mine unite, I boaft, Nor death, nor hell can part.

(4.)

The bond of love so firm abides Ev'n in the darkest day,

That, tho' behind the shade he hides, He's never far away.

(5.)

Tho' he his noblest table spreads Among his flow'rs above;

Yet here amidst his lily-beds He keeps his feasts of love.

(6.)

The ordinances of his grace Are fields of his repair;

There I have feen his glorious face, And you may fee him there.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 4. Thou art beautiful, O my love, as Tirzah, comely as Jerusalem, terrible as an army with banners.

(1.)

How comely is the bride I fee,

Who thus mine absence wail'd,

And kindly thought and spoke of me Ev'n when my face was vail'd!

(2.)

Thy zeal for me when I withdrew I highly must approve;

And now return to thee, to shew My great respect and love.

(3.)

I did forgive, and have forgot All thine infirmities:

Thy holy foul, from fin remote, Is beauteous in mine eyes.

(4.)

More fair thou art, my lovely prey, More comely in my fight,

Than ever Tirzah once so gay, Or Salem once so bright.

(5.)

Thine aspect's awful majesty

Does strike thy foes with fear;

As armies do, when banners fly, And martial flags appear.

(6.)

How does thine armour glitt'ring bright Their frighted spirits quell!

The weapons of thy warlike might Defy the gates of hell.

Ver. 5. Turn away thine eyes from me, for they have overcome me *.

(1.)

Small wonder that thy foes must bow When faith does keep the field;

For, lo, I am thy captive too, And kindly forc'd to yield.

(2.) Thy

^{*} See more on this subject, Chap. iii. 4. and iv. 9.

Thy charming eyes of faith and love,
That make myself their prize,
Have overcome me; pray remove
And turn away thine eyes.

(3.)

They pow'rfully my heart detain,
My kindly passions fill:
Yet no unwilling vict'ry gain,
But win me to thy will.

(4.)

Thy daring, gallant arms of grace,
Have o'er me fuch a fway;
I'm conquer'd with their kind embrace,
And cannot fay thee nay.

(5.)

Thy piercing eyes, that ravish me, Command me as they list: My spirit's aiding force in thee Is pow'r I can't resist.

(6.)

Cease, wrestling Jacob, let me go, My Love, let me alone: If not, except I bless thee; lo! My blessing thou hast won.

^{*} Thy hair is as a flock of goats that appear from Gilead. Ver. 6. Thy teeth are as a flock of sheep, which go up from the washing, whereof every one beareth twins, and there is not one barren among them. Ver. 7. As a piece of a pomegranate are thy temples within thy locks.

U 2 (1.) Thy

See these words more largely explained. Chap. iv. 1, 2, 3.

(·I.)

Thy flothful carriage toward me At our last interview,

Tho' I observ'd with jealousy, And thereupon withdrew;

(2.)

Yet never judge thy change of frame My heart from thee could move;

For still (like folid rocks) the same Is my unshaken love.

(3.)

Thy praise I sounded in thine ears Ere thou wast so unkind;

And now indulge no faithless fears, As if I chang'd my mind.

(4.)

For, to evince the love I bore Does still the same remain,

I now commend thee as before, And in the former strain.

(5.)

Gay, like a comely flock of goats On Gilead's stately height,

Is thine adorning hair, that notes Thy conversation bright.

6.

No broider'd ornamental hair, That trims up mortal clay,

Can parallel the heav'nly air Of thy well-order'd way.

(7.)

Thy teeth the bread of life that eat, And feed upon my flesh,

Are acts of faith in number great, In nature fair and fresh. (8.)

Thine active zeal, yet mild, does keep A just equality,

Like ev'nly rounded flocks of sheep New past the shearer's eye.

(9.)

Thy purity exceeds their fleece Washt in the crystal flood;

Thy fruits of holiness and peace Outvie their num'rous brood.

(10.)

There does not in the flock appear One barren, fruitless womb:

But all by twins their offspring bear, And bring them bleating home.

(11.)

Like 'granates halv'd thy temples fair Within thy locks appear,

While ruddy blushes deck thy pray'r When none but God doth hear.

(12.)

Thou modest hid'st thy rosy cheeks, When sins with shame 'em slush:

Yet, thro' the mask, thy mein detects
Thy beauteous holy blush.

Ver. 8. There are threescore queens, and fourscore concubines, and virgins without number. Ver. 9. My dove my undefiled is but one; she is the only one of her mother, she is the choice one of her that bare her: the daughters saw her, and blessed her; yea, the queens and the concubines, and they praised her.

(1.) Thy

(1.)

Thy fong gave me the chiefest name Among ten thousand heirs, And thee the fairest I proclaim Among ten thousand fairs.

(2.).

Queens, concubines and virgins are Unnumber'd, whom they call Bright dazling beauties, charming fair; But thou excell'st them all.

Most holy souls (of high descent)
Are beauties most renown'd:

The righteous is more excellent Than all his neighbours round.

My spotless dove as one I view,
Yea, all in one to me;
Her mother-church's darling too,
And choicest progeny.

(5.)
The daughters, here professing friends,
Beheld her beauty great;
And straight admir'd her in their minds.

And blest her in the gate.

Yea, queens and damfels more renown'd

Did all to her give place,

And with extolling praises crown'd Her comely shining grace.

Ver. 10. Who is she that looketh forth as the morning, fair as the moon, clear as the sun, and terrible as an army with banners?

(1.) " Who

Re

(1.)

"Who's this (faid they) so brightly springs

" Like to the morning-ray,

"That cleaves night-shades with silver wings, "To haste the golden day?

(2.)

"Much fairer than the gilded moon " Her graces shine in dress,

" And clearer than the fun at noon

"Her spotless righteousness.

3.)

"Behold, in love to brats forlorn,

"What wonders heav'n performs!

"That does with stateliness adorn " Defil'd and lothfom worms.

(4.)

"By armour which her captain lends,

" Until her warfare close,

"She's render'd helpful to her friends,

" And hurtful to her foes.

(5.)

"Yea, while she does her rank maintain,

"And cast her airs abroad,

"Her grace is awful toward men,

"And pow'rful toward God.

Ver. 11. I went down into the garden of nuts, to see the fruits of the valley, and to see whether the vine flourished, and the pomegranates budded.

(I.)

With friendly mind I hid my face, Yet went not far away, Retiring but a little space My orchard to furvey.

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I went but down to see anew
My garden of sweet nuts,
Within the shady grove, and view
The pleasant valley-fruits:

(3.)

To notice round my labour'd plain,
If all was very good;
If tender vines produc'd their grain,
And pomegranates their bud:

(4.)

If all the water'd flow'ry plains,
Along the verdant field,
Did fruits, proportion'd to my pains,
Ev'n in my absence yield.

(5.)

Into my heart what chearfulness
And pleasure did it bring,
To see the early buds of grace
And blossoms of the spring?

(6.)

I ravish'd saw my beauteous bride Lament my absence sore; Nor could myself in thickets hide From her a moment more.

Ver. 12. Or ever I was aware, my foul * made me like the chariots of Ammi-nadib.

(1.)

Such had my bride's inviting frame Ev'n in my absence been, No longer could I hide the slame Of my affections keen.

(2.) Ravish'd,

T

^{*} Or fet me on the chariots of my princely willing people.

Ravish'd, ere (in effect) I knew, My bowels did me move;

Into her praying arms I flew On speedy wings of love.

(3.)

Sweet rapt'rous passion rose in me, But most divine in mode,

As far as rapture can agree Or passion to a God.

(4.)

My fond affections vehement In ways of grace divine,

All towards her intenfely bent, Pursu'd their love-design.

(5.)

My willing people I provide
Bright graces, princely charms.

And in these fiery chariots ride With speed into their arms.

(6.)

Oil'd wheels of faith and warm desire, That make myself their chase,

Fetch from mine altar still more fire Of sweet surprising grace.

(7.)

No chariot of Ammi-nadib, However swift or bright,

The heav'nly rapture can describe Of love's delicious flight.

(8.)

So rapid oft, tho' never rash, The motions of my grace,

'Tween heav'n and earth, are like a flash
Of lightning in a trice.

X

Ver.

Ver. 13. Return, return, O Shulamite, return, return, that we may look upon thee: what will ye fee in the Shulamite? as it were the company of two armies.

(1.)

Love, in my absence short, wast thou With sin and grief opprest?

O blame thy faithless heart, and now Return unto thy rest.

(2.)

With confidence and without fear Thy heav'nly husband face, Who wills thee boldly to appear Before his throne of grace.

(3.)

The heav'ns unite their voice with mine
Thy heart-return to move:
Allow thyself no more to whine,
Suspicious of my love.

(4.)

Return, O drooping Shulamite, In haste return; for we Heav'n's TRINITY and hosts unite With joy to welcome thee.

(5.)

We want to fee thee, at his call
Whose peace thy name adorns;
He with his saints and angels all
Will joy at thy returns.

(6.)

What, in the feeble Shulamite
What's to be feen? (you'll fay)
Is struggling grace a goodly fight,
When sin regains the day?

(7.) Nay,

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Ho

(7.)

Nay, lo, my bride (tho' apt she be Herself to under-rate) I, on the field of battle, see In warlike pomp and state.

(8.)

Behold, two armies in her camp,
The doubled hosts of God;
Her lovers charm, her haters damp,
Her happy triumph bode.

C H A P. VII.

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 1. How beautiful are thy feet with shoes, O prince's daughter! The joints of thy thighs are like jewels, the work of the hand of a cunning workman.

(1.)

For I my new creation whole
Still view with great delight.

(2.)

How noble is thy high descent,

Not fordid from the earth!

How does thy gesture document

Thy new and heav'nly birth!

X 2

(3.) 0

(3.)

O princess of the royal race!

Thy feet with golden shoes,

Do sparkle, while thy walk, thro' grace,

Becomes the gospel-news.

(4.)

The steps of thy affections clean,
And conversation fair,
Display a heav'nly, royal mein,
A sweet and stately air.

(5.)

The joints, that strength and motion do
To thy right steps impart,
Like orient jewels burnish'd new,
Speak holy curious art.

(6.)

Thro' thy fair port in facred things
Thy joints as gems appear;
While holy principles and fprings
Thy course of duty steer.

Ver. 2. Thy navel is like a round goblet, which wanteth not liquor: thy belly is like an heap of wheat, set about with lilies.

(1.)

As is thy sparkling bright aray
Form'd to thy pedigree;
So with thy shining outward way
Thine inward shapes agree.

Ver.

2.

A wretched infant once thou wast, To open field cast out,

From native blood and stains unwasht, Nor was thy navel cut.

(3.)

But now, how neat's thy gracious form, Fed by a glorious spring!

Since grace transform'd the loathfom worm, To quite another thing.

4.)

Thy infant-brood to ripeness grows, Which thy kind bowels feed,

Like to a bowl that overflows With liquor for their need.

(5.)

My spirit is (to fill thy cup, And give thee rich increase)

A well of water springing up. In thee to endless bliss.

(6.)

Thy fruitful womb an heap of wheat

* Assimulates in mode;

Thy royal marriage makes thee meet For bearing fruit to God.

7.)

Fruit deckt around with flow'rs-de-luce, Each grace of active vent:

A product rich of fruit for use, With flow'rs for ornament.

(8.)

Fair Zion's fertile womb has meat For babes her lily-brood;

And yields them plenteous store of wheat, When ripe for solid food.

* Resembles.

ich

of

Ver. 3. Thy two breasts are like two young roes that are twins *.

(I.)

Thy breasts of love resemble roes
That seem delightful twins;
Such equal care to feed thou shows,
Thy babes in sacred inns.

(2.)

Thou op'nest frank a twofold breast, Two test'ments and two seals, Which to thy children yield a feast Of milk for daily meals.

(3.)

Thine equal breasts delightful feed
With milk of sweet solace,
In just proportion to the need
Of all the babes of grace.

(4.)

My children dear nurs'd at thy fide
Thy kindly bowels show,
And plainly prove my beauteous bride
A fruitful mother too.

Ver. 4. † Thy neck is as a tower of ivory, thine eyes like the fish-pools of Heshbon by the gate of Bath-rabbim. Thy nose is as the tower of Lebanon, which looketh toward Damascus.

(1.)

Thy neck of precious faith excells
The fairest iv'ry tower;
It holds the glorious head, and dwells
Upon the rock of power.

(2.) Rais'd

^{*} See Chap. iv. 5.

Rais'd and conspicuous, it attracts
All eyes, and wonder breeds:
It stands renown'd for valiant acts,
For strange and mighty deeds.

(3.)

No iv'ry whiter than the swan

Can match thy precious faith:

No tow'r with equal boldness can

Defy the gates of death.

(4.

Thine eyes like Heshbon's clear fish-pools
Near by Bath-rabbim's gate,
Enlightned brightly, twit the fools,
That hug blind nature's state.

(5.)

More clear than any filver brook,

Thine eyes of knowledge trace

Hid mystries in the facred book,

Unfathom'd deeps of grace.

(6.)

But all conceal'd this glory lies

From haughty fons of pride,

Whose boasted wit does blind their eyes,

And heavenly light deride.

(7.)

Thy nose of quick sagacity
Like Leb'non's tower does rise,
And with bold look Damascus spy,
To sace thine enemies.

(8.)

Because they strong and subtile are, Thou keepst the frontier-tow'r; To smell their policy afar, And watch against their pow'r. Ver. 5. Thine head upon thee is like * Carmel, and the hair of thine head like purple;

(1.)

Thy heav'nly mind intelligent
Excells the wife on earth,
While strangers to thy high descent,
And to thy heav'nly birth.

(2.)

Thy lofty head and stately brow Looks to the heav'ns above, And scornful smiles on all below, As worthless of thy love.

(3.)

Thy helmet and thy head-piece is

Hope built on precious blood:

High is thy head extoll'd by this

'Bove ev'ry foe and flood.

(4.)

Higher by far than Carmel top,

The walls of heav'n to scale;

When thine advent'rous, soaring hope

Takes place within the vale.

(5.)

Th' excellency of Carmel high
Can't match thy crimfon head;
Its hairs are of the purple dye
Which once thy Lord did bleed.

(6.)

Each pin that holds thy hair in dress,
Each glance from grace within,
Speaks universal stateliness;
Not one disorder'd pin.

(7.) Each

St

Co

* Or crimfon.

(7.)

Each holy air around thy face

Does fo thy beauty 'enhance,

A lustre shines in ev'ry grace,

A charm in ev'ry glance.

The king is * held in the galleries.

(1.)

To prove the beauty ravishing
And lustre of thy dress;
How does it captivate the king,

And deep his heart impress !

Jesus, the king of kings renown'd,
Is held within thine arms,
In gall'ries of his grace, and bound
A captive to thy charms.

(3.)

The glorious and majestic one,
Whom death could ne'er detain,
Is by thy pow'rful graces won
And ty'd as with a chain.

(4.)

Strange loveliness it is that sways
The regent of the skies!
Constraining him to stay and gaze;
It so attracts his eyes.

(5.)

Bold with the king are faith's efforts;
Bless'd they the conquest share!
Who win him to his sacred courts,
And then can hold him there.

V

^(6.) Such

(6.)

Such is the glory of his grace, He boasts to be o'ercome:

And feasts the victor with solace, Who fought but for a crumb.

Ver. 6 * How fair and how pleasant art thou, 0 Love, for delights!

O Love, no words can specify Thy forms of loveliness;

Delights of diverse kinds in thee Are more than I express.

No equal for delights hast thou, No match on earth below:

I call thee fair and pleasant too, Because I made thee so.

My Love, thy dress without how fair!
Within, how sweet to me!

My righteousness and graces are The robes I made for thee.

My lab'ring life was spent throughout

The marriage-fuit to fpin,
That makes my bride all fair without,
All glorious too within.

Ver. 7. This thy stature is like to a palm-tree, and thy breasts to clusters of grapes.

The sweet proportion I observe Of graces fair in thee;

None from their proper station swerve,
But act harmoniously.

(2.) Thy

* Or, bow art thou made fair.

(2.)

Thy stature, like the palm-tree firm, Is stately, straight and tall:

No burden can the flourish harm, No years the growth enthral.

0

(3.)

Thy breasts of love to me and mine, Square to the gospel-plan,

Chear, like the clusters full of wine, The heart of God and man.

Ver. 8. I said, I will go up to the palm-tree, I will take hold of the boughs thereof: now also thy breasts shall be as clusters of the vine, and the smell of thy nose like apples;

(I.)

"I will, faid I, this palm-tree climb,
"This lovely walk approve,

"And to my bride in holy trim
"I'll manifest my love *.

2.)

"I'll apprehend, by faving grace,

"As I decreed of old,
"Her little boughs, her tender race,

"And never quit the hold.

(3.)

Lo, heav'n shall then thy breasts inspire, As clusters fill'd with wine:

My presence shall thy graces fire To thy content and mine.

(4.)

The breath of life thy nostrils blow Shall with sweet scent abound

No fav'ry apples e'er could throw Such grateful odours round.

Y 2

Ver.

* John xiv. 21.

Ver. 9. And the roof of thy mouth like the best wine, (for * my Beloved) that woeth down sweetly, causing the lips of † those that are asset fleep to speak.

(1.)

Thy pallat drench'd with holy love Shall drop the richest wine:

So fweet thy pray'rs and praise shall prove A feast to me and mine.

(2.)

I'll taste thy chear, and speak it good, For thou'lt in upright ways

Derive it from my plenitude, Devote it to my praise.

(-3.)

Drops from the living vine that stream
With sweetness down will go;
To make thy cold affections slame,
Thy wither'd graces grow.

(4.

My spirit's gen'rous wine will make
The old renew their days,
The dead to live, the dull to wake,
The dumb to speak my praise.

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 10. I am my Beloved's, and his desire is to-

(1.)

Lo, how my loving Lord commends
Base me, who blush to hear,
And blood of grapes from Eshcol sends

My drooping heart to chear.

(2.) I'm

^{*} A parenthesis of the bride's, say some. † Or, the ancient.

I'm not mine own, but his I'll be
Whose love my heart doth fire,
And thus has fix'd on worthless me
His conjugal desire.

(3.)

What line can this love-ocean found!
What tongue it's measure tell!
Whose height immense, and depth prosound,
Won heav'n, and vanquish'd hell.

Ver. 11. Come, my Beloved, let us go forth into the field, let us lodge in the villages.

(1.)

Come, dearest Love, let us retire From this vain earth's annoy; That undisturb'd communion near We may alone enjoy.

(2.

We'll chuse some secret, lonely place,
To vent our joys the more;
And sorage in the field of grace,
Until we feast in glore.

(3.)

Thy company such hidden trains
Of consolation brings;
That, pois'd with this, my soul disdains
The pomp of earthly kings.

(4.)

In rural villages below

Come let us lodge all night,
Till dufky shades of fin and wo

Give place to glory's light.

Ver. 12. Let us go up early to the vineyards, let us see if the vine flourish, whether the tender grape appear, and the pomegranates bud forth; there will I give thee my loves.

(1.)

Unto the vineyards of thy grace Come, let us early go; To fee in this retiring place If all the planting grow.

(2.)

Come visit, Lord, thy sacred ground,
See how thy nurs'ries bear,
If vines and grapes and 'granates round
Their flow'ry raiment wear.

O come along, thy succour grant,
While I thy fruits review;

For at thy presence ev'ry plant It's verdure will renew.

(4.)

The vines their blossom will resume,
The tender grapes revive;
See how the 'granates then will bloom,
And all the graces thrive.

(5.)

In these retirements while I live,
Thy presence I'll improve;
And joyful there I will thee give
The tokens of my love.

In nearness sweet with thee apart
I'll dash vain loves with ire,

And wholly offer thee my heart In flames of holy fire. Ver. 13. The mandrakes give a smell, and at our gates are all manner of pleasant fruits, new and old, which I have laid up for thee, 0 my beloved.

(·I.)

Here, Lord, for thee the garden's drest, For thee the feast is spread: Come then, vouchase with me to rest,

Below the verdant shade.

(2.)

The mandrakes here, love-fruits and flow'rs,
Do spread their odours round;
And at our very gates sweet stores

And fruits of grace are found.

(3.)

Embracing faith is here, to meet
My lord when he appears;
Repentance here to wash his feet
With floods of joyful tears.

(4.)

Love, joy, and all the heav'nly train, Old fruits with new increase,

Laid up in store to entertain The God of all my grace.

(5.)

Come thou, to whom I all devote, O my beloved Lord;

Lo, all that's from thy fulness got Is for thy glory stor'd.

(6.)

'Tis thine to plant, and prune and dress; Thou mak'st the garden grow:

In thee my all I still posses, To thee my all I owe.

C H A P. VIII.

The Church's Words.

Ver. 1. O that thou wert as my brother, that such ed the breasts of my mother! when I should find thee without, I would kiss thee, yea, * I should not be despised.

(1.)

So fweet I find thy heav'nly charms, Still more and more I bode; And long to clasp within mine arms A whole incarnate God.

(2.)

O would thou as my brother wert,
My mother's fucking child!

I'd kiss and hug thee in my heart,
And should not be revil'd.

(3.)

Yea, in the op'nest, patent place, Without a blush thro' shame, I would with joyful arms embrace The babe of Bethlehem.

(4.)

Hell could reproach thy church of old,

That lov'd a child unborn:

But now the fon is giv'n, I'm bold

To love, and fear no scorn.

(5.) To

^{*} Heb. They should not despise me.

(5.)

To him I'll give the highest room, And joy beneath his shade,

That deign'd to bless the virgin's womb, And human nature wed.

(6.)

My God's my brother now in dress; And if he would allow't,

Tho' hell should mock my fond carrefs, I'd openly avow't.

Ver. 2. I would lead thee, and bring thee into my mother's house, who would instruct me: I would cause thee to drink of spiced wine, and of the juice of my pomegranate.

(I.)

I would attend and usher thee Into my mother's home;

Then would her courts instructive be, For light with pow'r would come.

(2.)

Her children would thy glory see, Did they thy presence share:

And I for entertaining thee Would bring my choicest fare.

(3.)

To spiced wine with 'granates juice I would thee welcome make;

And greatly would my heart rejoice, Wer't better for thy sake.

(4.)

Well were the feast bestow'd on thee; For thine my graces are,

Who, when thou comes to feed with me,

Dost bring along the fare.

Ver. 3. His left hand * should be under my head, and his right hand shall embrace me +.

(1.)

Lo, he descending from above, In answer to my pray'r, Enfolds me in his arms of love, To shew his tender care.

(2.)

His left hand for my fupport he
Beneath my head does place;
Then for my comfort lends he me
His right hand's foft embrace.

(3.)

His presence brings a silver show'r Of blessings from above;
I'm closely guarded with his pow'r,
And girded with his love.

(4.)

For my folace 'gainst sin and death,

I feel his glad'ning charms;

And, for my fafety, underneath

His everlasting arms.

(5.)

O welcome blest and happy hour When he unvails his face; I'm then supported by his pow'r, Comforted by his grace.

Ver. 4. ‡ I charge you, O daughters of Jerusalem, § that ye stir not up, nor awake my Love, until he please.

(1.) O Sa.

^{*} Or rather is. + See chap. ii. 6.

See these words more largely spoken to, chap. ii. 7. and iii. 5. Why should ye stir up, or why awake, etc.

(1.)

O Salem's daughters, now, I pray And charge you, stand in aw T' awake my Love, or any way Provoke him to withdraw.

(2.)

This heav'nly quiet marr not ye With loud offensive noise;

Why should ye rob yourselves and me Of such uncommon joys!

(3.)

His smiles are free, he comes and goes, The happy hour is this:

Why should ye prove such wretched focs, To interrupt the bliss!

(4.)

My glorious Lord now rests within Mine arms of faith and love; I charge myself, my heart, my sin, Not once to stir or move.

5.)

While he allows his visit sweet,

Let none his rest annoy;
O may I never grieve his sp'rit,

Nor sin away my joy!

The COMPANIONS Words.

Ver. 5. (Who is this that cometh up from the wilderness leaning upon her beloved?)—

(1.)

What fair and lovely bride is this!
Tho' prest with griefs and fins,
Yet, trav'ling from the wilderness,
On her beloved leans!

2.

5.

Z 2

(2.) How

How boldly does she in his name And in his strength go on, All other righteousness disclaim, And mention his alone!

(3.

His wings bear up her foul aloft, 'Bove all that can molest:

His bosom is the pillow fost On which her head doth rest.

(4.)

Lo, how on his almighty arms She can her cares unload;

And march thro' all opposing harms, Depending on her God.

Her fir'd affections upward tow'r,
And, with a heav'nly air,

Contempt on earthly glory pour, As far below her care.

(6.)

Ascending from the wilderness Of forrow, sin and thrall,

And strongly bent for heav'nly bliss, She leaves the dusky ball.

The CHURCH'S Words.

there thy mother brought thee forth, there she brought thee forth that bare thee.

(1.)

To men's applause with mighty maze
What small regard is due!
But, Lord, with thee, who art my praise,

Let me my suit pursue.

(2.) Such

^{*} Thee in the Feb. bas the mark of the masey ire gender.

(2.)

Such sweet experience, Lord, I had
Beneath the apple-tree;
Under thy shadow still I'm glad
Alone to meet with thee.

(3.)

I rais'd thee up in fecret pray'r,

Thy joyful help to yield:

For by thy grace I wrestled there,

And by thy grace prevail'd.

(4.)

Thy mother too that brought thee forth
Hard trav'ling with annoy,
There at her Son, her Saviour's birth
Forgot her pangs for joy.

(5.)

The faints beneath thy fruitful shade
Thy beauteous likeness wore;
They that in forrow travail'd had,
In joy thine image bore.

(6.)

Thy shadow thus to them and me Such pleasure does afford, That more and more I long to see Thy glory there, O Lord.

Ver. 6. Set me as a feal upon thine beart, as a feal upon thine arm:

(I.)

Grant, Lord, my name engrav'd may be
Upon thy heart and breast;
And so insure thy love to me,
My glorious God and priest.

(2.)

O fet me stedfast as a seal
Upon thine arm divine,
And by confirming marks reveal
Thy mighty love is mine.

(3.)

Grant also, Lord, my love to thee
May firmly be imprest:
And let thy name my signet be
Deep stampt upon my breast.

(4.)

O may my heart the center prove Of thy affections keen; Thy heart the center of my love, And nought to interveen.

el as the grave:

(1.)

Strong wings of holy love aloft
Bear up my foul afresh,
Which in sweet raptures dying soft
Forgets the clog of slesh.

(2.)

While thus my heart does mounting fly
On this feraphic wing
In love to thee, I kindly dy
To ev'ry mortal thing.

(3.)

As thy strong love, O Lord, to me Could conquer death and dread; So does my ardent love to thee The pow'r of death exceed.

It kills me, Lord; I can't resist This strong desire of mine: If not with satisfaction blest, To death, to death I pine.

(5.)

Admit me, Lord, into thy heart,
Lest my heart jealous be
That either thine from me depart,
Or mine depart from thee.

(6.)

Such jealoufy would fore torment And torture me to death; Like the devouring grave, intent To stop my vital breath.

Thy coals thereof are coals of fire, which hath a most vehement flame.

(1.)

These jealous slames will quite consume My soul, like burning fire; Unless thy loving answer come To suit my heart's desire.

(2.)

My flaming heart does melt afresh,
If thou depart i' th' least;
Mine ardent zeal eats up my flesh,
Love-sickness pains my breast.

(3.)

The sparks of fervid love ascend
Like mounting slames on high;
With veh'ment force they heav'n-ward bend,
And pierce the azure sky.

(4.) O let

O let thy bowels, Lord, be mov'd
To grant my heart's desire:
I'd rather die than not be lov'd,
My heart is all on fire.

Ver. 7. Many waters cannot quench love, neither can the floods drown it: if a man would give all the substance of his house for love, it would utterly be contemned.

(1)

No waves could quench thy love, which fat
As king upon the flood
Of rolling vengeance vaftly great,
And on a fea of blood.

(2.)

Thus nor can many waters drown My flaming love to thee, Nor torrents of turmoil bear down The zeal that burns in me.

In vain by flatt'ries or by fears

Do hell and earth combine

To quench the fire of love, that bears

A stamp so much divine.

(4.)

Desertion black, nor dev'l, nor man, Nor air, nor earth, nor sea, Nor life, nor death, nor angels can Divorce my love from thee.

Were wealth to bribe my love, I could The golden bait disdain, Like despicable dung that would Invade my heart in vain.

(6.) I cast

(6.)

I cast contempt on suiters all That dare compete with thee,

And value thrones no more than thrall, Should they thy rivals be.

Ver. 8. We have a little sister, and she hath no breasts: what shall we do for our sister, in the day when she shall be spoken for?

(1.)

Since now, dear Lord, our mutual love Is thus so deep imprest;

May I this access sweet improve, That others may be blest.

(2.)

Our little fister, Lord, to wit, A barren gentile race,

With all uncall'd, unfav'd as yet, Tho' chosen by thy grace:

(3.)

She little knowledge hath, we see, No fashion'd breasts of love,

No principle of grace from thee, Nor nurture from above.

4.)

No breasts of consolation sweet, No word, no means of grace,

No warm milk of instruction meet
To feed her starving race.

(5.)

What shall be done for her, I pray, And for her progeny,

When they shall on the marriage-day
Be call'd to match with thee?

a (6.) What

Aa

(6.)

What for our fister- church to come,
Which Jews or Greeks shall hatch;
To bring her to the marriage-room,
And carry on the match?

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 9. If she be a wall, we will build upon hera palace of silver; and if she be a door, we will inclose her with boards of cedar.

(1.)

Love, I'll inform thee what we'll do
With this our fister dear,
When by the gospel-call I woo
And speak into her ear.

(2.)

If once the good work were begun,
As by my grace it shall;
And she by faith on me alone
Built like a brazen wall:

(3.)

We'll make the wall a work compleat,
A filver palace fair *,
A temple for my holy sp'rit
To dwell for ever there.

(4.)

Wide ope to take me in;
We'll as with cedar-boards fecure
And strengthen her within.

(5.) W

Pfal. cxliv. 12.

We Father, Son, and Holy Chost, Will frame, advance and crown

The happy building, at our cost, Which hell shall ne'er pull down.

Ev'n outcast gentiles base, at length The wond'ring world shall fee In num'rous issue, beauty, strength And grandeur rival thee.

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 10. I am a wall, and my breasts like towers: then was I in his eyes as one that found favour . -

(1.)

Kind Lord, how gladly do I hear Thy promise made to me, For elect fifter-churches dear! I roll their care on thee.

(2.)

My fweet experience clears thou wilt Thus kindly deal with them; For I'm a wall most firmly built And rear'd upon thy name.

(3.) Thou mak'ft my breafts of graces grow Like iv'ry tow'rs fo high;

I trust what love to me dost show,

To them thou won't deny.

(4.) When grace my unbelief destroy'd, And on my rock me fix'd,

Thy favour then my foul enjoy'd, With fiveet love-tokens mix'd.

A 2 2

(5.) Then

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(5.)

Then did my life's deportment shew
Thine image on my heart;
And thou thyself with pleasure view
The grace thou didst impart.

(6.

I'm joyful when to mind I do
These happy days recall:
By grace was I built up, and so
My little sister shall.

Ver. 11. Solomon had a vineyard at Baal-hamon, he let out the vineyard unto keepers: every one for the fruit thereof was to bring a thousand pieces of silver.

(1.)

Another object of my care,
Beside our sister dear,
Is likewise, Lord, thy vineyard sair,

Already planted here.

2.

Our Solomon, the prince of peace,
A vineyard did posses,
And to a multitude did lease
And let it out to dress.

(2.)

At Baal-hamon, where he plants Upon a fruitful foil,

And fervants with commission grants

To keep it from turmoil.

He takes the care in chief, but they
An under-trust maintain;

He wakes and keeps it night and day, Else watchmen watch in vain.

(5.) From

(5.)

From ev'ry fervant there employ'd

He still requires the rent

Of praise, for what they have enjoy'd

And work to his content.

(6.)

Each one for fruit that he affigns
Proportion'd tribute brings,
And renders for a thousand vines
A thousand filverlings *.

non, nery

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 12. My vineyard, which is mine, is before

(1.)

My vineyard, Love, the object is Of my peculiar care; My heart and eye is fix'd on this More close than anywhere.

(2.)

'Tis mine by special right and grant,
By blood and conquest too;
The state and case of ev'ry plant
Is always in my view.

(3.)

My vineyard in my bosom set

Has therein such a room,

A woman sooner can forget

The infant of her womb.

(4.) Tho'

m

^{*} Ifa. vii. 23.

Tho' nature should her frame desert,
And mothers monsters prove;
Yet Zion dwells upon the heart
Of everlasting love.

The CHURCH'S Words.

and those that keep the fruit thereof, two hundred.

(1.)

True, Lord, the vineyard is thine own,
The charge is chiefly thine;
Yet under thee, thou hast made known,
The charge is also mine *.

(2.)

This vineyard of mine own, alas!

Of late I did neglect;

But now I will the trust (thro' grace)

More carefully inspect.

(3.)

My graces, talents, time, and all
That I receive from thee,
To husband for thy service, shall
Be always in mine eye.

(4.)

The fruits of gratitude I'll bring,
Which unto thee I owe:
The vineyard's revenue, O king,
Belongs to thee, I know.

(5.) To

^{*} The preceeding part of this werse, though already explained and applied to Christ, yet being reckoned by some to be the Church's Word, are here also resumed as hers.

(5.)

To thee a thousand fold pertains;
And when thou gett'st thy due,
To under-keepers for their pains
Two hundred shall accrue.

(6.)

Tho' none that labour in thy name
Shall of thy praise partake;
Yet what respect is due to them
I'll render for thy sake.

and:

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To

dand

or as,

CHRIST'S Words.

Ver. 13. Thou that dwellest in the gardens, the companions hearken to thy voice: * cause me to hear it.

(1.)

O thou my bride, that lov'st to haunt The gardens of my grace, And solemn inns where ev'ry saint Delights to see my face;

(2.)

I'm pleas'd thou careful' keep for me
The orchards of my love.
Until thy nobler mansion be
The paradise above.

(3.)

The faints, all thy companions dear
To focial worship bent,
Are glad thy graceful words to hear,
And to thy voice intent.

(4.) Take

^{*} Or cause me to be beard.

Take this occasion in thy walk

To cause me to be heard;

Make me the subject of thy talk,

My name to be rever'd.

(5.)

And while they to thy voice give ear, Cause me to hear it too,

By flying posts of frequent pray'r: Full freedom I allow.

(6.)

I'll joy how oft I hear from thee, Until the parting skreen

And range of hills 'twixt thee and me No more shall interveen.

The CHURCH'S Words.

Ver. 14. * Make haste, my Beloved, and be thou like to a roe or to a young hart upon the mountains of spices.

(1.)

Ah, Lord, communion with thee now Is fweet, but quickly o'er:

We must not part, but with a view To meet again in glore.

(2.)

Mean time, let still fresh news from thee (My soul from sloth to purge)

Effect thy hearing oft from me, As thou art pleas'd to urge.

(3.)

But O make haste to bring me home To that delicious place,

Where fears and doubts can never come, Nor clouds to vail thy face.

(4.) Fly

^{*} Heb. Fly arvay.

Fly like a youthful hart or roe
On speedy wings of love:

I languish while I fin below,
And long to fing above.

(5.

Tis good indeed to taste thy grace in g

But better far to see thy face Above, where spices flow.

(6.

These balmy heights thy glory fills, Till the refreshing day:

But haste, my Love, upon the hills; Love cannot bear delay.

(7.)

Thy second coming must be dear,

O my Belov'd, to me;

For, when thou shalt with clouds appear, I'll then be like to thee.

(8.)

Thy foes that awful day may hate And view with fearful grudge;

But, free of dread, I long, I wait: My Love will be my Judge.

(9.)

I ardent pant with restless eyes

To see thee face to face:

No less than glory can suffice The appetite of grace.

(10.)

My months are ages of delay, Each minute flowly wears;

Till thy swift chariot roll away
These rounds of tedious years.

ВЬ

(11.) No

thou

Fly

(11.)

No balfom can remede my fore, Till Jesus from on high Shall cleave the starry plains, and o'er

The crystal mountains fly.

(12.)

Roll days and years out of the way
Between my foul and thee.
O haste the confumation day:

Amen, so let it be.



ERRATA.

Preface, 1. page 2. line 5. for may, read my. p. 5. v. 3. l. 4. for the read thee. p. 8. v. 19. l. 4. for flowing read flowery. p. 24. v. 13 l. 2. for bough read boughs. p. 57. at the marginal note at foot for Gen. 1. 6. read Gen. 1. 26. p. 85. v. 4. l. 1. for thy read the. p. 97. v. 2. l. 3. for thy read the. p. 103. v. 5. l. 1. for lightning read highting. p. 115. v. 9. l. 2. for hans read hands. p. 117. v. 8. l. 2. for that read thee. p. 132. v. 3. l. 4. for How read Flow. p. 147. l. 1. for Thy read The. p. 151. v. 3. l. 2. for king read hind. p. 158. v. 5. v. 1. for here read her.

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THE

TEN PLAGUES of Egypt

Named and justified.

Exod. 7, 8, 9, 10. and 12. chap.

(1.)

THE first, their water turn'd to blood, Their blood-thirst to requite.

The fecond, caus'd vile frogs to croud, To venge their crocking spite.

(2.)

The third, turn'd all their dust to lice, Their fordid ways to wreak.

The fourth, made swarms of flees arise, Their soaring pride to check.

. V.

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(3.)

The fifth, their beasts with murrain kill'd, To smite their brutish kin.

The fixth, with boils their bodys fill'd, To scourge the blains of fin.

(4.)

The feventh, destroy'd with fire and hail, Their fury to asswage.

The eighth, made locusts fierce prevail, To recompense their rage.

(5.)

The ninth, thick darkness on them drew, For doubling Israel's tales.

The tenth, all Egypt's first-born slew, For murdering Israel's males.

THE

TEN COMMANDS

Abridged and Versified.

Exon. xx. 3,—18.

(i)

(1.) NO God but me thou shalt adore, I am thy God alone.

(2.) No image frame to bow before, But idols all dethrone.

(2.)

(3.) God's glorious name take not in vain, For be rever'd he will.

(4.) His facred fabbath don't profane, Mind it is holy still.

(3.)

(5.) To parents render due respect, This may thy life prolong.

(6.) All murder shun and malice check,
To no man's life do wrong.

(4.)

(7) From thoughts of whoredom base abstain.

From words and actions vile.

(8.) Shun theft and all unlawful gain, Nor gather wealth by guile.

(9.) False witness slee, and slandering spite, Nor wilful lies invent.

(10.) Don't covet what's thy neighbour's right, Nor harbour discontent.

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